### **Report On Audit**

### HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover (a governmental public corporation) in the Town of Dover, New Jersey, hereafter referred to as the Authority, which comprise the statement of net position as of September 30, 2016, and the related statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net position, statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and PERS supplemental information on pages 4 through 16 and pages 55-56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the method of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Lastly, the supplemental information on the accompanying Financial Data Schedule is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards and the Financial Data Schedule are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued reports dated February 9, 2017 on our consideration of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

### Hymanson, Parnes & Giampaolo

Lincroft, New Jersey Date: February 9, 2017

As Management of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover (the Authority), present the following discussion and analysis which is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and is intended to provide an easily readable explanation of the information provided in the attached financial statements. Management Discussion and Analysis is designed to focus on the current year activities, resulting changes, and current known facts. It is by necessity highly summarized, and in order to gain a thorough understanding of the Authority's financial position, the financial statements and footnotes should be viewed in their entirety beginning on page 17 of this report. New standards issued by GASB have significantly changed the format of the financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements as presented elsewhere in this report.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Net position of the Authority's enterprise fund was \$1,178,000 greater than the liabilities, a decrease in the financial position of \$151,989 or 11% percent.

As noted above, the net position of the Authority exceeded its liabilities by \$1,178,000 as of September 30, 2016. Of this amount, the unrestricted net position is \$433,788 representing a decrease of \$148,462 or 25% percent from the previous year.

The net investment in capital assets increased \$30,805 or 6% percent for an ending balance of \$589,138. The restricted net position decreased \$34,332 from the previous year for an ending balance of \$155,074. Additional information on the Authority's restricted and unrestricted net positions can be found in Note 19 & Note 20 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

The Authority's unrestricted cash, and cash equivalent at September 30, 2016 is \$759,304 representing a decrease of \$78,627 or 9% percent from the prior year. Total restricted cash decreased \$37,881 or 37% percent for an ending balance of \$63,561. The full detail of these amounts can be found in the Statement of Cash Flow on pages 20-21 of this report.

The Authority's total assets and deferred outflows are \$1,839,009 of which capital assets net book value is \$744,138, deferred outflows is \$93,921, other assets in the amount of \$140,808, leaving total current assets at \$860,142. Total current assets decreased from the previous year by \$125,977 or 13% percent. Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$78,627, restricted cash and cash equivalents decreased \$37,881, accounts receivables increased by \$3,056; and prepaid expenses decreased by \$12,525.

Capital assets reported an increased in the net book value of the capital assets in the amount of \$20,805 or 3% percent. The major factor that contributed for the increase was the purchase of fixed assets in the amount of \$155,247, less the recording of depreciation expense in the amount of \$134,442. A full detail of capital outlays can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements section Note – 8 Fixed Assets.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - CONTINUED

The Authority note receivable – noncurrent decreased \$10,000 or 7% percent as compared to the previous fiscal year for an ending balance of \$140,808. The amount consists of future grants receivable for the payment of the debt of the capital leveraging program.

The Authority reported an increase in the deferred outflow for the pension cost in the amount of \$42,502 for an ending balance of \$93,921. The Authority reported a decrease in the deferred inflow for the pension cost in the amount of \$10,333 for an ending balance of \$5,229. A full detail of the pension reporting requirement can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements section Note – 10 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

The Authority's total liabilities are reported at \$655,780, of which noncurrent liabilities are stated at \$578,034. Total liabilities increased during the year as compared to the prior year in the amount of \$89,652, or 16% percent. Total current liabilities increased during the year by \$17,110, leaving non-current liabilities for an increase of \$72,542 as compared to the previous year.

Total current liabilities increased from the previous year by \$17,110 or 28% percent. Accounts payables increased by \$15,492, accrued liabilities increased by \$1,030, tenant security deposit payable increased by \$588, and current portion of long term debt remained the same.

Total noncurrent liabilities increased by \$72,542 or 14% percent. The increase was made up of four (4) accounts, accrued compensated absences – long term with no offsetting assets increased \$5,293 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$26,276, long-term note payable which decreased by \$10,000 for an ending balance of \$145,000, and noncurrent liabilities decreased \$13,960 for an ending balance of \$35,716.

Accrued pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liabilities increased \$91,209 for an ending balance of \$371,042. Additional information Authority's accrued pension and OPEB liabilities at September 30, 2016 can be found in Notes 17-18 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

The Authority had total operating revenue of \$2,735,285 as compared to \$2,833,059 from the prior year for a decrease of \$97,774 or 3% percent. The Authority had total operating expenses of \$2,908,995 as compared to \$2,890,133 from the previous year for an increase of \$18,862 or 1% percent, resulting in a deficiency of revenue from operations in the amount of \$173,710 for the current year as compared to excess expenses over revenue from operations in the amount of \$57,074 for an increase in expenses over revenue of \$116,636 or 204% percent from the previous year.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - CONTINUED

Total capital improvements contributions from HUD were in the amount of \$34,043 as compared to \$10,114 from the previous year for an increase of \$23,929.

The Authority had capital outlays in the amount of \$155,247 for the fiscal year. These expenditures were funded by a grant received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development in the amount of \$34,043 with the excess funded from management's operating reserves. A full detail of capital outlays can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements section Note – 8 Fixed Assets.

The Authority's Expenditures of Federal Awards amounted to \$2,468,829 for the fiscal year 2016 as compared to \$2,541,083 for the previous fiscal year 2015 for a decrease of \$72,254 or 3% percent.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

The Housing Authority's annual report consists of financial statements that show combined information about the Housing Authority's most significant programs:

- 1. Public and Indian Housing Program
- 2. Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program
- 3. Public Housing Capital Fund Program

The Housing Authority's auditors provided assurance in their independent auditors' report with which this MD&A is included, that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditors provide varying degrees of assurance regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent auditors' report carefully to determine the level of assurance provided for each of the other parts of this report.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serves as an introduction to the Housing Authority's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are prepared on an entity wide basis and consist of:

- 1) Statement of Net Position
- 2) Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
- 3) Statement of Cash Flow
- 4) Notes to the Financial Statements

The Authority's financial statements and notes to financial statements included in this Report were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America for the Enterprise Fund types. The Authority's activities are primarily supported by HUD subsidies and grants. The Authority's function is to provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing to low income and special needs populations. The financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 21.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION - CONTINUED

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> – This statement presents information on the Authority's total of assets and deferred outflow of resources, and total of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – This statement presents information showing how the Authority's net position increased or decreased during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash inflows and cash outflows in the future periods.

Statement of Cash Flow—This statement presents information showing the total cash receipts and cash disbursements of the Housing Authority during the current fiscal year. The statement reflects the net changes in cash resulting from operations plus any other cash requirements during the current year (i.e. capital additions, debt payments, prior period obligations, etc.). In addition, the statement reflects the receipt of cash that was obligated to the Housing Authority in prior periods and subsequently received during the current fiscal year (i.e. accounts receivable, notes receivable, etc.).

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> - Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided. These notes give greater understanding on the overall activity of the Housing Authority and how values are assigned to certain assets and liabilities and the longevity of these values. In addition, notes reflect the impact (if any) of any uncertainties the Housing Authority may face. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found in this Report beginning on page 22 through 52.

In addition to the basic financial statements listed above, our report includes supplemental information. This information is to provide more detail on the Housing Authority's various programs and the required information mandated by regulatory bodies that fund the Housing Authority's various programs.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION - CONTINUED

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purpose of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations. The schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards can be found on pages 53-54 of this report.

- 1. Federal Awards Pursuant to the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), federal award is defined as federal financial assistance and federal cost reimbursement contracts that non-federal agencies receive directly or indirectly from federal agencies or pass-through entities. Federal financial assistance is defined as assistance that nonfederal entities receive or administer in the form of grants, loans, loan guarantees, property, cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, direct appropriations and other assistance.
- 2. Type A and Type B Programs The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the Uniform Guidance establish the levels of expenditures or expenses to be used in defining Type A and Type B Federal financial assistance programs. Type A programs for the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover are those which equal or exceeded \$750,000 in expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. Type B programs for the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover are those which are less than \$750,000 in expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE)

The following summarizes the computation of Net Position between September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015:

Computations of Net Position are as follows:

	Year Ended				Increase	
	Se	ptember-16	Se	ptember-15	(	(Decrease)
Cash	\$	822,865	\$	939,373	\$	(116,508)
Other Current Assets		37,277		46,746		(9,469)
Capital Assets - Net		744,138		723,333		20,805
Other Assets		140,808		150,808		(10,000)
Deferred Outflows		93,921		51,419		42,502
Total Assets		1,839,009		1,911,679	-	(72,670)
Less: Current Liabilities		(77,746)		(60,636)		(17,110)
Less: Non Current Liabilities		(578,034)		(505,492)		(72,542)
Less Deferred Inflows		(5,229)		(15,562)		10,333
Total Net Position	\$	1,178,000	\$	1,329,989	\$	(151,989)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	589,138	\$	558,333	\$	30,805
Restricted Net Position		155,074		189,406		(34,332)
Unrestricted Net Position		433,788		582,250		(148,462)
Total Net Position	\$	1,178,000	\$	1,329,989	\$	(151,989)

Cash decreased by \$116,508 or 12% percent. Net cash used by operating activities was \$13,277, net cash used for capital and related financing activities was \$105,884, and net cash provided by investing activities was \$2,653. The full detail of this amount can be found in the Statement of Cash Flow on pages 20-21 of this audit report.

Other current assets decreased \$9,469. Account receivable increased \$3,056 and prepaid expenses decreased \$12,525.

Capital assets reported an increased in the net book value of the capital assets in the amount of \$20,805 or 3% percent. The major factor that contributed for the increase was the purchase of fixed assets in the amount of \$155,247, less the recording of depreciation expense in the amount of \$134,442. A full detail of capital outlays can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements section Note – 8 Fixed Assets.

The Authority note receivable – noncurrent decreased \$10,000 or 7% percent as compared to the previous fiscal year for an ending balance of \$140,808.

The Authority deferred outflow for the pension cost increased in the amount of \$42,502. The Authority reported a decrease in the deferred inflow for the pension cost in the amount of \$10,333.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

Total current liabilities increased from the previous year by \$17,110 or 28% percent. Accounts payables increased by \$15,492, accrued liabilities increased by \$1,030, tenant security deposit payable increased by \$588, and current portion of long term debt remained the same.

Total noncurrent liabilities increased by \$72,542 or 14% percent. The increase was made up of five (4) accounts, accrued compensated absences – long term with no offsetting assets increased \$5,293 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$26,276, long-term note payable which decreased by \$10,000 for an ending balance of \$145,000, and noncurrent liabilities decreased \$13,960 for an ending balance of \$35,716.

Accrued pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liabilities increased \$91,209. Additional information Authority's accrued pension and OPEB liabilities at September 30, 2016 can be found in Notes 17-18 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

The Authority's reported net position of \$1,178,000 is made up of three categories. The net investment in capital assets in the amount of \$589,138 represents 50% percent of the total account balance. The net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and construction in process); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide housing services to the tenants; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The schedule below reflects the activity in this account for the current fiscal year:

Balance September 30, 2015	\$ 558,333
Acquisition in Fixed Assets	155,247
Depreciation Expense	(134,442)
Payment of Debt	 10,000
Balance September 30, 2016	\$ 589,138

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover operating results for September 30, 2016 reported a decrease in unrestricted net position of \$148,462 or 25% percent for an ending balance of \$433,788. A full detail of this account can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements section Notes – 20.

The Authority reported restricted net position in the amount of \$155,074 which decreased \$34,332 or 18% percent compared to the prior fiscal year. A full detail of this account can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements section Notes – 19.

At the end of the current year, the Authority is able to report positive balances in the three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior year.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The following summarizes the changes in Net Position between September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015:

September-16 September-15 Revenues	(Decrease)
Revenues	
10 CHUCS	
Tenant Revenues \$ 230,211 \$ 225,165	\$ 5,046
HUD Operating Grants 2,434,786 2,530,969	(96,183)
Fraud Recovery 2,803 7,539	(4,736)
Other Revenues67,485	(1,901)
Total Operating Income 2,735,285 2,833,059	(97,774)
Expenses	
Operating Expenses 2,774,553 2,786,570	(12,017)
Depreciation Expense 134,442 103,563	30,879
Total Operating Expenses 2,908,995 2,890,133	18,862
Operating (Deficit) (173,710) (57,074)	(116,636)
Interest Income 2,065 3,581	(1,516)
Extraordinary Maintenance (14,387) (24,040)	9,653
HUD Capital Grants         34,043         10,114	23,929
Change in Net Position (151,989) (67,419)	(84,570)
Prior Period Adjustment -GASB 68 - (245,373)	245,373
Net Position Prior Year         1,329,989         1,642,781	(312,792)
Total Net Position \$ 1,178,000 \$ 1,329,989	\$ (151,989)

Approximately 89% percent of the Authority's total revenue was provided by HUD operating subsidy, while 8% percent resulted from tenant revenue. Charges for various services and fraud recovery provided for the remaining 3% percent of the total operating income.

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover received capital fund improvement grant money during the year in the amount of \$34,043 as compared to \$10,114 for the previous year. There were capital expenditures in the amount of \$155,247, was used primarily for replacement of carpet, and a new generator for the building.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The Authority operating expenses cover a range of expenses. The largest expense was for Housing Assistance Payments representing 68% percent of total operating expenses. Administrative expenses accounted for 14% percent, tenant services accounted for less than 1% percent, utilities expense accounted for 4% percent, maintenance expense accounted for 3% percent, protective services accounted for less than 1%, other operating expenses accounted for 4% percent, and depreciation accounted for the remaining 5% of the total operating expenses.

The Authority operating expenses exceeded its operating revenue resulting in a deficiency of revenue from operations in the amount of \$173,710 from operations as compared to excess expenses over revenue from operations of \$57,074 for the previous year. The key element for the increase in the deficit in comparison to the prior year is as follow:

- The Authority experienced a decrease in HUD operating grants in the amount of \$96,183, or 4% percent due to decrease budgeting by HUD.
- Other revenue decreased in the amount of \$1,901 mainly due to decreases in FSS escrow forfeitures.
- The Housing Authority experienced increases in the following expenses:
  - o Administrative expenses increased \$117,348 or 36% percent.
  - o Protective services increased \$5,212.
  - o Other operating expenses increased \$6,549 or 6% percent.
- The Housing Authority experienced decreases in the following expenses:
  - o Tenant services decreased \$33,327 or 95% percent.
  - o Utilities decreased \$7,460 or 6% percent.
  - o Maintenance decreased \$2,100 or 2% percent.
  - o Housing Assistance Payments decreased \$98,239 or 5% percent.

Total net cash used by operating activities during the year was \$13,277. A full detail of this amount can be found on the Statement of Cash Flow on pages 20-21 of this report.

Overall the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover operating results for September 30, 2016 reported a decrease in unrestricted net position of \$148,462 or 25% percent for an ending balance of \$433,788. A full detail of this account can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements section Notes – 20.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The following are financial highlights of significant items for a four year period of time ending on September 30, 2016:

	Se	ptember-16	Se	ptember-15	Se	ptember-14	Se	ptember-13
Significant Income		•				-		
Total Tenant Revenue	\$	230,211	\$	225,165	\$	224,247	\$	222,296
<b>HUD Operating Grants</b>		2,434,786		2,530,969		2,415,259		2,283,615
HUD Capital Grants		34,043		10,114		94,671		9,724
Investment Income		2,065		3,581		3,295		5,192
Other Revenue		70,288		76,925		110,795		96,340
Total	\$	2,771,393	\$	2,846,754	\$	2,848,267	\$	2,617,167
Dermall Property								
Payroll Expense	φ.	100.040	φ.	00.000	φ.	100 001	4	00.040
Administrative Salaries	\$	138,048	\$	90,232	\$	100,231	\$	98,040
Tenant Services Salaries		-		28,000		20,000		20,000
Maintenance Labor		9,235		8,552		8,346		8,209
Employee Benefits Expense		154,124		92,478		103,988		102,425
Total Payroll Expense	\$	301,407	\$	219,262	\$	232,565	\$	228,674
Other Simificant Barrens								
Other Significant Expenses	φ.	161.660	φ.	155.000	φ.	160.000	φ.	140.000
Other Administrative Expenses	\$	161,669	\$	155,903	\$	163,900	\$	148,390
Utilities Expense		119,269		126,729		129,258		127,364
Maintenance Contract Cost		74,078		79,893		76,460		54,721
Insurance Premiums		27,742		26,552		26,675		26,675
Housing Assistance Payments		1,981,614		2,079,853		2,090,535		2,020,624
Total	\$	2,364,372	\$	2,468,930	\$	2,486,828	\$	2,377,774
Total Operating Expenses	\$	2,908,995	\$	2,890,133	\$	2,931,634	\$	2,869,747
Total of Federal Awards	\$	2,468,829	\$	2,541,083	\$	2,509,930	\$	2,293,339

#### THE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

The Authority's revenues consist primarily of rents and subsidies and grants received from HUD. The Authority receives subsidies each month based on a pre-approved amount by HUD. Grants are drawn down based on need against a pre-authorized funding level. The Authority's unrestricted net position appears sufficient to cover any foreseeable shortfall rising from a possible economic turndown and reduced subsidies and grants.

#### THE HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER PROGRAMS

#### Public and Indian Housing Program:

Under the Public and Indian Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. This program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD's rent subsidy program provides housing assistance to low income families so that they are able to lease "decent, safe, and sanitary" housing for specific eligible tenants. The rent paid by the tenant is a percentage of tenant gross income subject to a \$50 minimum; it cannot exceed the greater of the following amounts: (a) 30% of the family's adjusted monthly income, (b) 10% of the family's monthly income, or (c) the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover flat rent amount.

#### Capital Fund Program:

The public Housing Capital Fund was established under the Quality Housing & Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (QHWRA). This fund is used for repairs, major replacements, upgrading and other non-routine maintenance work that needs to be done on the Authority's apartments to keep them clean, safe and in good condition.

#### Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program

Under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority administers contracts with independent landlords to provide housing to Section 8 tenants. The Authority subsidizes the tenant's rent through Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. This program is also administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides annual contributions funding to enable the Authority to structure a contract that sets the participants' rent at approximately 30% of household income subject to certain restrictions.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

For the year ended September 30, 2016, individual program or grant budgets were prepared by the Authority and adopted by the Board of Commissioners. The budgets were primarily used as a management tool and have no legal stature. The budgets were prepared in accordance with the accounting procedures prescribed by the applicable funding agency.

The Authority submits its annual operating and capital budgets to the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs in accordance with New Jersey statute. After the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs approves the budget, it is formally adopted by resolution of the Housing Authority's Board of Commissioners. Once adopted, the Board of Commissioners may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and expenses. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source and expenditures are budgeted by expense classification within each revenue source.

#### **NEW INITIATIVES**

For the fiscal year 2016 the Housing Authority's primary focus has been on funding and accountability. As a public entity that derives approximately 89% percent of its revenue from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, (2015 was 89% percent), the Authority is constantly monitoring for any appropriation changes especially since it appears the nation is continuing an era of need for additional public assistance to help families meet the challenges of a very tumultuous economy.

The current administration of the Authority is determined to improve the financial results of the Authority's operations. The Authority has made steady progress in various phases of our operations, all the while maintaining a strong occupancy percentage in the public housing units and a high utilization rate in Housing Assistance Programs. Interactions with the residents are a constant reminder of the need of the services. Regardless of the constraints (financial or regulatory) placed on this Housing Authority, the Authority will continuously look for ways to better provide or expand housing and housing assistance to qualified residents of the Town of Dover all the while being mindful of their responsibility to be good stewards of the public's tax dollars.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### 1 - Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2016 was \$744,138 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase during the year in the Authority's investment in capital assets was \$20,805 or 3% percent. Major capital expenditures of \$155,247 were made during the year. Major capital assets events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Replacement of Carpets
- Replacement of Generator

					Iı	ncrease
	Se	ptember-16	Se	ptember-15	(D	ecrease)
Land	\$	68,000	\$	68,000	\$	_
Building		3,301,414		3,301,414		-
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		258,780		78,309		180,471
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		131,710		131,710		_
Construction in Process		_		25,224		(25,224)
Total Fixed Assets		3,759,904		3,604,657		155,247
Accumulated Depreciation		(3,015,766)		(2,881,324)	(	134,442)
Net Book Value	\$	744,138	\$	723,333	\$	20,805

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION -CONTINUED

#### 2 - Debt Administration

The Authority in 2007 participated in the New Jersey Pooled Leveraging Program. Through this financing of majority capital projects will be completed on an expedited basis. Restricted Cash relating to the bonded debt stood at \$157 at the end of the fiscal year, with Capital Project Bond payable of \$155,000 in outstanding debt. A full disclosure of loans payable at September 30, 2016 can be found in Note 15.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The Housing Authority of Town of Dover is primarily dependent upon HUD for the funding of operations; therefore, the Housing Authority is affected more by Federal budget than by local economic conditions. Pressure on the federal budget will remain in the form of both record deficits and competing funding needs.

The capital budgets for the 2017 fiscal year have already been submitted to HUD for approval and no major changes are expected. The Capital fund programs are multiple year budgets and have remained relatively stable. Capital Funds are used for the modernization of public housing property including administrative fees involved in the modernization.

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

- State of New Jersey economy including the impact on tenant income. Local inflationary, recessionary and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income. Tenant rental payments are based on tenant income.
- The need for Congress to fund the war on terrorism and other impending military activities, and the impact these activities may have on federal funds available for HUD subsidies and grants.
- Continued increases in health care insurance are expected to impact employee benefits cost over the next several years.
- Trends in the housing market which affect rental housing available for the Section 8 tenants, along with the amount of the rents charged by the private landlords, are expected to have a continued impact on Section 8 HAP payments.

#### CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Maria Tchinchinian, Executive Director, Housing Authority Town of Dover, 215 East Blackwell Street, Dover, NJ 07801, or call (973) 361-9444.

## HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	 2016
Assets	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 759,304
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	63,561
Accounts Receivables, Net of Allowances	13,056
Prepaid Expenses	 24,221
Total Current Assets	860,142
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Land	68,000
Building	3,301,414
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling	258,780
Furniture, Equipment - Administration	 131,710
Total Capital Assets	3,759,904
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(3,015,766)
Net Book Value	744,138
Grants Receivable - Noncurrent	140,808
Total Noncurrent Assets	884,946
Total Assets	 1,745,088
Deferred Outflow of Resources	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources - NJ PERS	 93,921
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 1,839,009

## HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		2016
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	40,628
Accrued Liabilities		6,727
Tenant Security Deposit Payable		20,391
Long Term Debt - Current		10,000
Total Current Liabilities		77,746
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long Term Debt - Noncurrent		145,000
Accrued Compensated Absences - Long-Term		26,276
Noncurrent Liabilities - Other		35,716
Accrued Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)	:	371,042
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		578,034
Total Liabilities		655,780
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources - NJ PERS	-	5,229
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		589,138
Restricted		155,074
Unrestricted		433,788
Total Net Position		1,178,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources,		
and Net Position	\$	1,839,009

# HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		2016
Revenue:		
Tenant Rental Revenue	\$	230,211
HUD PHA Operating Grants		2,434,786
Fraud Recovery		2,803
Other Revenue		67,485
Total Revenue		2,735,285
Operating Expenses:	8	
Administrative Expense		444,086
Tenant Services		1,850
Utilities Expense		119,269
Maintenance Expense		97,810
Protective Services		5,212
Other Operating Expenses		124,712
Housing Assistance Payments		1,981,614
Depreciations Expense		134,442
Total Operating Expenses		2,908,995
Excess Expenses Over Revenue From Operations		(173,710)
Non Operating Income and (Expenses):		
Investment Income		2,065
Extraordinary Maintenance		(14,387)
Capital Grant Contributions		34,043
Total Non Operating Income		21,721
Change in Net Position		(151,989)
Beginning Net Position	<u></u>	1,329,989
Ending Net Position	\$	1,178,000

#### HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW - 1 FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	2016
Cash Flow From Operating Activities	
Receipts from Tenants	\$ 230,211
Receipts from Federal Grants	2,434,786
Receipts from Fraud Recovery	2,803
Receipts from Misc. Sources	64,429
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers	(513,204)
Housing Assistance Payments	(1,981,614)
Payments to Employees	(147,283)
Payment of Employee Benefits	(103,405)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	 (13,277)
Cash Flow From Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Receipts from Capital Grants	34,043
Acquisitions and Construction of Capital Assets	(155,247)
Payment of Extraordinary Maintenance	(14,387)
Increase in Compensated Absences - Long Term	5,293
(Decrease) of Noncurrent Liabilities (FSS accounts)	(13,960)
Receipt in Capital Project Bonds Receivable	10,000
Payment of Debt	(10,000)
Accrued Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liabilities	91,209
Net Effect of Deferred Inflows and Outflows	(52,835)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(105,884)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities	
Interest Income	2,065
Increase of Tenant Security Deposit	588
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	2,653
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(116,508)
Beginning Cash	 939,373
Ending Cash	\$ 822,865
Reconciliation of Cash Balances:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 759,304
Tenant Security Deposit	20,391
HAP Reserve - Restricted	7,297
FSS Escrow Deposits	35,716
Leveraging Deposits	157
Total Ending Cash	\$ 822,865

#### HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW - 2 FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	 2016
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities Excess of Expenses Over Revenue Adjustments to reconcile excess revenue over expenses to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (173,710)
Depreciation Expense	134,442
(Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivables Prepaid Expenses	(3,056) 12,525
Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ 15,492 1,030 (13,277)

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION, ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Organization - The Authority is a governmental, public corporation which was organized under the laws public corporation created under federal and state housing laws as defined by State statute e (N.J., S.A. 40A:12A-1 et al the Housing Authority Act) for the purpose of engaging in the development, acquisition and administrative activities of the low-income housing program and other programs with similar objectives for low and moderate income families residing in the Town of Dover in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners which is essentially autonomous but is responsible to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs. An Executive Director is appointed by the Housing Authority's Board to manage the day-to-day operations of the Authority. The Authority is responsible for the development, maintenance, and management of public housing for low and moderate income families residing in the Town of Dover. Operating and modernization subsidies are provided to the Authority by the federal government.

The financial statements include all the accounts of the Authority. The Authority is the lowest level of government over which the Authority's Board of Commissioners and Executive Director exercise oversight responsibility. The Authority is not included in any governmental "reporting entity" since its board members; while they are appointed primarily by the Mayor of Dover and Town Council, the Board of Commissioners have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary responsibility for accounting and fiscal matters. The Authority has also concluded that it is excluded from the Town of Dover reporting entity.

Based on the following criteria, the Authority has not identified any entities which should be subject to evaluation for inclusion in the Authority's reporting entity. The criteria for including or excluding a component unit relationship as set forth in GASB's #61 *The financial Reporting Entity* and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- A. The organization is legally separate.
- B. The organization is fiscal dependency on the primary government.
- C. The organization has potential to impose a financial benefit or burden on the primary government.
- D. The organization meets the financial accountability criteria for inclusion as a component unit of the primary government.
- E. The primary government is able to impose its will on the organization.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources. The Authority has determined that the applicable measurement focus (flow of economic resources) and accounting basis (accrual) is similar to that of a commercial enterprise. As such, the use of proprietary funds best reflects the activities of the Authority.

The Authority has adopted GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. The Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for non-exchange transactions including financial or capital resources. The Authority's primary source of non-exchange revenue relates to grants and subsidies. Grant and subsidy revenue are recognized at the time eligible program expenditures occur and/or the Authority has complied with the grant and subsidy requirements.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, the Authority incorporates FASB and AICPA guidance into GASB authoritative literature.

On January 30, 2008, HUD issued *PIH Notice 2008-9* which among other things requires that unused housing assistance payments ("HAP") under proprietary fund reporting should be reported as restricted net position, with the associated cash and investments also being reported on the Statement of Net Position and HUD's Financial Data Schedule ("FDS") as restricted. Any unused administrative fees should be reported as unrestricted net position, with the associated assets being reported on the FDS as unrestricted.

Both administrative fees and HAP revenue continue to be recognized under the guidelines set forth in GASB Statement No. 33. Accordingly, both the time and purpose restrictions as defined by GASB 33 are met when these funds are available and measurable, not when these funds are expended. The Housing Choice Voucher program is no longer a cost reimbursement grant, therefore the Authority recognizes unspent administrative fees and HAP revenue in the reporting period as revenue for financial statement reporting.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

#### Significant Accounting Policies -Continued

The Authority adopted Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." The Statement established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures associated with pension plans of State and Local Governments. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actual present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions.

#### **Basis of Accounting** –

In Enterprise fund, activities are recorded using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. This requires the Housing Authority to account for operations in a manner similar to private business or where the Board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The major sources of revenue are tenants dwelling rentals, HUD operating subsidy, capital grants, and other revenue.

HUD's rent subsidy program provides housing to low income families so that they are able to lease "decent, safe, and sanitary" housing for specific eligible tenants. The rent paid by the tenant is a percentage of tenant gross income subject to a \$50 minimum; it cannot exceed the greater of the following amounts:

- (a) 30% of the family's adjusted monthly income,
- (b) 10% of the family's monthly income, or
- (c) Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's flat rent amount.

Tenants dwelling rental charges are determined and billed monthly and are recognized as revenue when assessed because they are measurable and are collectible within the current period. Amounts not received by September 30, are considered to be accounts receivable and any amounts received for subsequent period are recorded as unearned revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

#### **Basis of Accounting – Continued**

HUD operating, capital grants which finance capital and current operations are susceptible to accrual and recognized during the year earned in accordance with applicable HUD program guidelines. The Capital Fund Grant program income are expenditure driven grants with the revenue from the grant classified based on the expenditure. If the funds were expended for capital activities, the revenue is reported as capital contribution; if the funds are expended for other than capital, the revenue is reported as operating revenue.

Administrative fee paid by HUD to the Authority in excess of administrative expenses are a part of the undesignated fund balance and are considered to be administrative fee reserves.

Other revenue composed primarily of miscellaneous services fees and residents late charges. The revenue is recorded as earned since it is measurable and available.

Non-operating revenue and expenses consist of revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Financial transactions are recorded and organized in accordance with the purpose of the transaction. Each program is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. All material interprogram accounts and transactions are eliminated in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Because the Authority's activity is considered self-financing and does not rely on specific taxes or fines (i.e. property taxes, sales and use tax etc.) no activity will be maintained as governmental funds but will be recorded as proprietary fund.

#### **Report Presentation -**

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 (as amended), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments ("Statement"). The Statement requires the basic financial statements to be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and requires the presentation of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement also requires the Authority to include Management's Discussion and Analysis as part of Required Supplementary Information.

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

#### **Report Presentation - Continued**

Also the Authority adopted the provisions of Statement No. 37 "Basic Financial Statement and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments" Statement No.38 "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", and Statement No. 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" which supplements GASB Statement No. 34.

GASB Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all State and Local Governments entities that includes a statement of net assets, a statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flow.

GASB Statement No. 63 requires the classification of "net assets" into "net position" which consists of three components, Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and Unrestricted.

The adoptions of Statement No. 34, Statement No. 37, Statement No. 38, and Statement No. 63 have no significant effect on the financial statements except, for the classification of net position in accordance with Statement No. 63.

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets.

The net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of debt issued to finance the acquisition, improvement, or construction of those assets.

#### Restricted.

The net position less that are subject to constraints on their use by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, or other governmental laws or regulations.

#### Unrestricted.

The net position consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

The federally funded programs administered by the Authority are detailed in the Financial Data Schedule and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; both are which are included as Supplemental information.

#### Other accounting policies are as follows

1 – Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market. Cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks, petty cash and certificates of deposit, and other investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of purchase. Investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

#### Other accounting policies are as follows - continued

- 2 Collection losses on accounts receivable are charged against an allowance for doubtful accounts.
- 3 Buildings and equipment are recorded at cost for all programs and depreciation is computed on the straight line basis.
- 4 Repairs funded out of operations, such as painting, roofing and plumbing, are charged against income for all programs.
- 5 Operating subsidies received from HUD are recorded as income when earned.
- 6 The cost of accumulated unpaid compensated absences, including fringe benefits, is reported in the period earned rather than in the period paid.
- 7 Prepaid expenses represent payments made by the Authority in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.
- 8 The Authority has elected not to apply to its proprietary activities Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of accounting Procedure issued after November 30, 1989.
- 9 The Authority does not have any infrastructure assets for its Enterprise Fund.
- 10 Inter-fund receivable and payables arise from inter-fund transactions and are recorded by all funds in the period in which the transactions are executed.
- 11- Advertising cost is charged to expense when incurred.
- 12- Costs related to environmental remediation are charged to expense. Other environmental costs are also charged to expense unless they increase the value of the property and/or provide future economic benefits, in which event they are capitalized. Liabilities are recognized when the expenditures are considered probable and can be reasonably estimated. Measurement of liabilities is based on currently enacted laws and regulations, existing technology, and undiscounted site-specific costs. Generally, such recognition coincides with the Authority's commitment to a formal plan of action.
- 13- When expenses are incurred where both restricted and unrestricted net position are available the Authority will first use the restricted funds until they are exhausted and then the unrestricted net position will be used.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

#### Other accounting policies are as follows - continued

14- Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued. which may result in a loss to the Authority but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Authority's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Authority or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Authority's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Authority's financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potentially material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss if determinable and material, would be disclosed. Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the nature of the guarantee would be disclosed.

15- Fair Value Measurements – Fair value is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Generally accepted accounting principles defined a three-tier hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which requires the Authority to develop assumptions.

The carrying amounts reported for cash and short-term investments approximate fair value.

#### **Budgetary and Policy Control -**

The Authority submits its annual operating budgets and capital budgets to HUD. The Authority also submits its annual operating and capital budgets to the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs in accordance with New Jersey statute. After the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs approves the budget, it is formally adopted by resolution of the Housing Authority's Board of Commissioners. Once adopted, the Board of Commissioners may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and expenses. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source and expenditures are budgeted by expense classification within each revenue source.

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

**Activities** - The only programs or activities administered by the Authority were:

Program	CFDA #	Project #	Units Authorized
Public Housing			
Low Rent Housing	14.850	NJ-68	59
Capital Fund	14.872		
Section 8 Housing	_		
Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	NJ-39V0-68	248

#### A. Public and Indian Housing

The Public and Indian Housing program is designed to provide low-cost housing within the Town of Dover. Funding is provided by eligible residents who are charged monthly rent based on family size, family income and other determinants, as well as by subsidies provided by HUD.

#### B. Capital Fund Programs

Substantially all additions to land, structures and equipment are accomplished through these programs (included in the financial statements under PHA Owned Housing). These funds replace or materially upgrade deteriorated portions of existing Authority property. These programs are financed by HUD subsidies. The capital fund programs are now merged into the low rent public housing program.

#### C. Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program

Under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority administers contracts with independent landlords to provide housing to Section 8 tenants. The Authority subsidizes the tenant's rent through Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. This program is also administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD.

#### D. Resident Opportunity and Support Services - ROSS:

This program works to promote the development of local strategies to coordinate the use of assistance under the Public Housing program with public and private resources, for supportive services and resident empowerment activities. These services should enable participating families to increase earned income, reduce or eliminate the need for welfare assistance, make progress toward achieving economic independence and housing self-sufficiency, or, in the case of elderly or disabled residents, help improve living conditions and enable residents to age-in-place.

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

**Taxes** - Under federal, state, and local law, the Authority's program are exempt from income, property and excise taxes. However, the Authority is required to make payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT) for the low-income housing program in accordance with the provision of a Cooperation Agreement. Under the Cooperation Agreement, the Authority must pay the municipality the lesser of 10% of its net shelter rent or the approximate full real property taxes

**Grants** - The Authority receives reimbursement from various grantors for the cost of sponsored projects, including administrative cost. Grant revenues are recognized as income when earned. Grant expenditures are recognized on the accrual basis.

**Board of Commissioners** - The criteria used in determining the scope of the entity for financial reporting purposes are as follows:

- 1. The ability of the Board to exercise supervision of a component unit's financial independence.
- 2. The Board's governing authority extends to financial decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for decisions.
- 3. The Board appoints the management of the Authority who is responsible for the day-to-day operations and this management are directly accountable to the Board.
- 4. The ability of the Board to significantly influence operations through budgetary approvals, signing and authorizing contracts, exercising control over facilities, and approving the hiring or retention of key managerial personnel.
- 5. The ability of the Board to have absolute authority over all funds of the Authority and have accountability in fiscal matters.

#### **NOTE 2 - ESTIMATES**

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenue and expenses during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectibility of accounts receivable, the use, and recoverability of inventory, and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 3 - PENSION PLAN**

The Authority participates in the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which is sponsored and administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. It is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS was established in January 1955 under the provision of NJ SA 43:15A to provide coverage, including post-retirement health care, for substantially all full time employees of the state, its counties, municipalities, school districts or public agencies, provided the employee is not a member of another state administered retirement system.

Membership is mandatory for such employees. Contributions to the plan are made by both the employee and the Authority. Required employee contributions to the system are based on a flat rate determined by the New Jersey Division of Pensions for active plan members. Benefits paid to retired employees are based on length of service, latest earnings, and veteran status. Authority contributions to the system are determined by PERS and are billed annually to the Authority.

The State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issued publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0925.

#### On the web:

http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/pdf/financial/2016divisioncombined.pdf

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A, Chapter 62, P.L. of 1994 and Chapter 115, P.L. of 1998, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. Employer's contributions are actuarially determined annually by the Division of Pensions. Employee contributions are currently 6.78% of base wages. The annual employer contribution includes funding for basic retirement allowances, cost-of-living adjustments, and the cost of medical premiums after retirement for qualified retirees, and noncontributory death benefits. The Authority's contribution for 2016 was in the amount of \$12,455.

#### Post Employment Retirement Benefits

The Authority provides post-employment health care benefits for its eligible retirees. Eligibility requires that employees be 55 years or older with various years of service.

Further information on the Pension Plan and its effects do to the adoption of GASB 68 can be found in Note 18– Accrued Pension Liability.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

#### NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Authority's cash, cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market. Cash, cash equivalents and investment includes cash in banks, petty cash and a money market checking account and certificates of deposit, and other investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of purchase. For the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at time of purchase. It is the Authority's policy to maintain collateralization in accordance with the State of New Jersey and HUD requirements.

HUD requires housing authorities to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, Certificates of Deposit or any other federally insured investment. HUD also requires that deposits be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC/FSLIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Pursuant to HUD restrictions, obligations of the United States are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the Authority or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the Authority. These funds at various banks are collateral pledge under the New Jersey Government Code of the Banking Law.

Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2016 of \$759,304 and restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$63,561, which were either insured or collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions in the Authority's name as discussed below:

	Sep	September-16	
Bank of America	\$	703,431	
The Provident		119,227	
Wells Fargo		157	
Petty Cash		50	
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents	\$	822,865	

The Authority has total restricted cash at September 30, 2016 in the amount of \$63,561, which consists of the following:

	Sep	September-16	
CFP Leveraging	\$	157	
Security Deposit		20,391	
HAP Reserves		7,297	
FSS Escrow		35,716	
<b>Total Restricted Cash</b>	\$	63,561	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

### NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED Risk Disclosures

#### Collateral for Deposits

New Jersey Authorities are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or State of New Jersey or the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of securities which may be purchased by New Jersey Authorities. The Authority is required to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Authority's investment policy limits the Authority's investment portfolio to maturities not to exceed two years at time of purchase. At September 30, 2016, the Authority's deposits and investments were not limited and all of which are either available on demand or have maturities of less than two years.

#### Credit Risk

This is risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The Authority's investment policy is that none of its total portfolio may be invested in securities of any single issuer, other than the US Government, its agencies and instrumentalities. The Authority's checking accounts are categorized to give indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the Authority. Custodial credit risk is the risk in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it.

The custodial credit risk categories are described as follows:

Depository Accounts		
	September-16	
Insured	\$	369,434
Collateralized held by pledging bank's		
trust department in the Authority's name		453,431
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents	\$	822,865

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover carries its accounts receivable at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, the Authority evaluates its accounts receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on history of past write off's, collections, and current credit conditions. Accounts are written off as uncollectible when management determines that a sufficient period of time has elapsed without receiving payment and the individual do not exhibit the ability to meet their obligations. Accounts Receivable at September 30, 2016 was in the amount of \$13,506 which was a receivable from Morris County in the amount of \$3,056 and the current portion of the grant receivable in the amount of \$10,000.

#### **NOTE 6 - PREPAID EXPENSES**

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. All purchases of insurance premiums are written off on a monthly basis. Acquisition of materials and supplies are accounted for on the consumption method, that is, the expenses are charged when the items are consumed. Prepaid expenses at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	Sept	September-16	
Prepaid Insurance	\$	13,421	
Prepaid Expense - Software		10,800	
<b>Total Prepaid Expenses</b>	\$	24,221	

#### **NOTE 7 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

Interfund activity is reported as short term loans, services provided during the course of operations, reimbursements, or transfers. Short term loans are reported as interfund short term receivables and payable as appropriate. The amounts between the various programs administered by the Authority at September 30, 2016 are detailed on the Financial Data Schedule of this report. Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

#### **NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS**

Fixed assets consist primarily of expenditures to acquire, construct, place in operations, and improve the facilities of the Authority and are stated by an appraisal value.

Expenditures for repairs, maintenance and minor renewals are charged against income in the year they are incurred. Major renewals and betterment are capitalized. Expenditures are capitalized when they meet the Capitalization Policy requirements. Under the policy, assets purchased or constructed at a cost not exceeding \$5,000 are expensed when incurred.

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

### **NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS - CONTINUED**

Donated fixed assets are stated at their fair value on the date donated. Depreciation is provided using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

1. Building and Structure	40 years
2. Office Improvements	7 years
3. Site Improvements	15 years
4. Building Components	15 years
5. Office Equipment	5 years

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover has given consideration to GASBS #42, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, in the preparation of these financial statements.

The carrying value of long-live assets in accordance with GASBS #42, when indications of an impairment are present, the recoverability of the carrying value of the asset in question are assessed based on the future undiscounted cash flow expected to result from their use. If the carrying value cannot be recovered, impairment losses would be recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds fair value. The Authority has not recognized any impairment in the carry value of its fixed assets at September 30, 2016.

Below is a schedule of changes in fixed assets for the twelve months ending September 30, 2016:

	Se	ptember-15	Additions	′	Transfers	Se	ptember-16
Land	\$	68,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	68,000
Building		3,301,414	-		-		3,301,414
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		78,309	129,631		50,840		258,780
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		131,710	-		-		131,710
Construction in Process		25,224	25,616		(50,840)	54	
Total Fixed Assets		3,604,657	155,247	\$	-		3,759,904
Accumulated Depreciation		(2,881,324)	(134,442)		-		(3,015,766)
Net Book Value	\$	723,333	\$ 20,805	\$	_	\$	744,138

Below is a schedule of the net book value of the fixed assets for the Authority as of September 30, 2016:

Net Book Value	September-16	
Land	\$	68,000
Building		494,116
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		175,984
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		6,038
Construction in Process		-
Net Book Value	\$	744,138

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

### NOTE 9 - GRANTS RECEIVABLE - NON CURRENT

The Authority participated on August 2, 2007 with other New Jersey Housing Authorities in the issuance of \$18,585,000 in Series 2007 HMFA Bonds. The Authority portion of the Series 2007 HMFA Bonds is \$10,000,000. The Authority received a net amount of \$235,000. The funds received were deposited with the Wells Fargo Bank which is acting as the Trustee. All funds must be expended within a four year period. The Trustee must receive copies of all invoices prior to release of funds. The Trustee may only draw funds from HUD E-LOCCS for repayment of debt and related interest. The amount of HUD future CFP State Leveraging Program funds receivables as of September 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Sep	tember-16
HUD CFP Future Funds Receivable	\$	150,808
Less Current Receivable		(10,000)
Net of Grant Receivable	\$	140,808

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 10 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow is an outflow of resources, which is a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to the reporting period. A deferred inflow is an inflow of resources, which is an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to the reporting period.

The Pension Liability discussed in Note 18 resulted in the Authority incurring deferred outflows and inflows. The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors, when the actuary calculated the net pension liability, is amortized over a five-year closed period for PERS, reflecting the average remaining service life of members (active and inactive members), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The Authority's deferred outflows and inflows are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of Inflow	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences	\$	7,758	\$	-
Changes in Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earning on		34,925		-
Pension Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between		-		5,229
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		15,255		-
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		35,983		-
Total	\$	93,921	\$	5,229

### <u>Difference in Expected and Actual Experience</u>

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors is amortized over a five year closed period reflecting the average remaining service life of the plan members (active and inactive), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The collective amount of the difference between expected and actual experience for the fiscal year is \$7,758.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 10 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES-CONTINUED Changes in Assumptions

The change in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs is amortized over a five year closed period, reflecting the average remaining service life of the plan members (active and inactive members), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The collective amount of the difference between expected and actual experience for the fiscal year is \$34,925.

### <u>Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investments Earnings on Pension Plan</u> Investments

The difference between the System's expected rate of return of and the actual investment earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over a five year closed period in accordance with GASB 68. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The collective amount of the difference between expected and actual experience for the fiscal year is \$-0- and \$5,229.

### Changes in Proportion

The change in employer proportionate share is the amount of difference between the employer proportionate share of net pension liability in the prior year compared to the current year. The change in proportionate share and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions is amortized over a *five* year closed period, reflecting the average remaining service life of the plan members active and inactive members), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow or resources. The changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions for the fiscal year are \$15,255 and \$-0-.

### **NOTE 11 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

The Authority reported accounts payable on its Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2016. Accounts payable vendors are amount owing to creditors as a result of delivered goods and completed services. The Authority accounts payable at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	September-16		
Accounts Payable Vendors	\$	19,690	
Accounts Payable - Other Government		20,938	
Total Accounts Payable	\$	40,628	

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

### NOTE 12 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - OTHER GOVERNMENT (PILOT PAYABLE)

Under Federal, State and local law, the Authority's programs are exempt from income, property and excise taxes. However, the Authority is required to make a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) for the PHA Owned Program in accordance with the provisions of its Cooperation Agreement with the Town of Dover. Under the Cooperation Agreements, the Authority must pay the municipality the littlest of 10% of its net shelter rent or the approximate full real property taxes. PILOT payable at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

PILOT Payable 9-30-2015	\$ 9,844
PILOT Expense	11,094
Less: Payments	 - -
PILOT Payable 9-30-2016	\$ 20,938

### **NOTE 13 - ACCRUED EXPENSES**

The Authority reported accrued expenses on its Statement of Net Position. Accrued expenses are liabilities covering expenses incurred on or before September 30. Accrued expenses at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	_Sept	September-16	
Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$	2,919	
Accrued Interest Payable		3,188	
Accrued Wages and Taxes Payable		620	
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$	6,727	

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 14 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are those for which employees will be paid, such as vacation and sick leave. A liability for compensated absences that is attributable to services already rendered and that is not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Authority will be accounted for in the period in which such services were rendered.

Unused sick leave may be carried to future periods and used in the event of extended illness. In the event of retirement, an employee is compensated for unused vacation days with a maximum amount of forty percent (40%) of gross pay under the current personnel policy. Generally, unused vacation may be carried over for a twenty four month period and then must be used. In the event of separation from the Authority, the employee is eligible for compensation for any unused allowed vacation time earned in the year of separation.

For September 30, 2016, the Authority has determined that the potential liability for accumulated vacation time, sick leave, and terminal pay to be as follows:

	Se	ptember-16
Accumulated Sick Time	\$	12,635
Accumulated Vacation Time		14,486
Accrued Payroll Taxes		2,074
Total		29,195
Compensated Absences - Current Portion		(2,919)
Total Compensated Absences - Noncurrent	\$	26,276

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 - LONG TERM DEBT - STATE LEVERAGING CAPITAL PROJECT BOND

The Authority participated on August 2, 2007 with other New Jersey Housing Authorities in the issuance of \$18,585,000 in Series 2007 HMFA Bonds. The Authority portion of the Series 2007 HMFA Bonds is \$235,000. The purpose of the Bonds is restricted. The proceeds from the Bonds must be used in the renovations and capital improvements to the Authority assets in the Low Income Housing Program. The Bonds are fully registered in denominations of \$5,000. The term of the Bonds is twenty (20) years expiring on November 1, 2027.

The faith and credit of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover was not pledged for payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. Additionally, the Bonds are not an obligation of the State of New Jersey, The United States, or the Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Bonds are not secured directly or indirectly by any collateral in the Authority Low Income Housing Program. Interest on the Bonds is payable on May 1 and November 1 commencing on May 1, 2008. The interest is calculated on a basis of three hundred sixty (360) day year of twelve (12) thirty (30) day month. The interest payable for November 1, 2016 is \$3,825 and May 1, 2016 is \$3,825.

The Bonds are payable and secured by the Authority Capital Fund Program (CFP), which is subject to the availability of appropriations, and paid to the Authority by HUD.

Under the Bond Agreement, the Authority is required to maintain a Debt Service Reserve Fund located at the Wells Fargo Bank, an amount equal to the debt service reserve fund requirement. If at any time, the amount on deposit in the debt service reserve fund is insufficient to pay the principal and interest when due, the Trustee is authorized to withdraw the amount due from the reserve fund.

The debt requirements as to principal reduction of the mortgages for long term debt until exhausted are as follows:

September 30, 2017	\$ 10,000
September 30, 2018	10,000
September 30, 2019	10,000
September 30, 2020	15,000
September 30, 2021	15,000
Sub Total	60,000
Next Five Years Ending September, 2026	75,000
Final Year September 30, 2027	20,000
Total Capital Project Bonds	\$ 155,000

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

### NOTE 16 - NON CURRENT LIABILITY - FSS ESCROW PAYABLE

The Authority under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program is administering a Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) program. An interest-bearing FSS escrow account is established by the PHA for each participating family. An escrow credit, based on increases in earned income of the family, is credited to this account by the PHA during the term of the FSS contract. The PHA may make a portion of this escrow account available to the family during the term of the contract to enable the family to complete an interim goal such as education. If the family completes the contract and no member of the family is receiving welfare, the amount of the FSS account is paid to the head of the family. If the PHA terminates the FSS contract, or if the family fails to complete the contract before its expiration, the family's FSS escrow funds are forfeited. The bank account balance at September 30, 2016 is \$35,716.

### NOTE 17 - ACCRUED PENSION AND OPEB LIABILITIES

The Authority as of September 30, 2016 reported accrued pension and OPEB liability amounts as follows:

	September-16		
Accrued OPEB Liability	\$	45,836	
Accrued Pension Liability		325,206	
Total OPEB and Pension Liability	\$	371,042	

These amounts arose due to adoption of GASB 45 several years ago as well as GASB 68 which was just adopted this fiscal year. This note will discuss the liability associated with GASB 45, which is accrued other postemployment benefits. Note 18 will discuss the effect of GASB 68 and the liability which arose from that.

### **OPEB Liability**

The Authority's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of employer ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 17 - OPEB LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

The following table shows the components of the Authority's annual OPEB costs for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

	September-1	
Annual Required Contribution	\$	50,704
Interest on net OPEB obligation		748
Adjustment to annual required contribution		4,572
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		56,024
Contributions made		(28,888)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		27,136
Net OPEB Obligation – beginning of year		18,700
Net OPEB Obligation – end of year	\$	45,836

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the 2016 fiscal year is as follows:

			Percentage of		
			Annual OPEB		
Fiscal Year	An	nual OPEB	Cost		Net OPEB
Ended		Cost	Contributed	130	Obligation
September-14	\$	35,349	89%	\$	3,740
September-15	\$	35,349	89%	\$	3,740
September-16	\$ -	56,024	52%	\$	27,136

### FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

As of October 1, 2013, the most recent valuation date, the plan was 0.0% funded. The actuarial liability for benefits was \$702,452, and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$702,452.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrences of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented in the required supplementary information following the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### **NOTE 17 - OPEB LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

### EFFECT OF A 1% CHANGE IN HEALTHCARE TREND RATES

In the event of that healthcare trend rates were 1% percent higher than forecast and employee contributions were to increase at the forecast rates, the Actuarial Accrued Liability would increase to \$802,722 or by 14% percent and the corresponding Normal Cost would increase to \$15,369 or by 42% percent.

### ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial Cost Method
 Investment Rate of Return
 Projected Unit Credit
 5.00% per annum

• Healthcare Trend Rates:

	Year	Pre - 65	Post - 65
<b>Initial Trend</b>	October-11	10.00%	10.00%
<b>Ultimate Trend</b>	2016 & Later	5.00%	5.00%
Grading per Year		1.00%	1.00%

• General Inflation Assumption: 3.5% per annum

Actuarial Value of Assets: Market Value

• Amortization of UAAL: Amortized as fixed dollar basis over 30 years at transition

• Remaining Amortization Period: 30 years at October 1, 2013

Reconciliation of Plan Participation (As of October 1, 2013) Active Employees:

_	October-13
Number of Active Employees	1
Average Age - Actives	37
Average Years of Service - Actives	8
Average Expected Future Working Life	18.5
Number of Retired Employees	2
Average Age - Retirees	68.5

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### **ONOTE 18 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY**

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PER provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The Authority participates in the State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS).

### **Contributions**

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets.

### Measurement Date

The net pension liability for fiscal year ending September 30, 2016 is determined at a measurement date of June 30, 2015. The most recent report available at the time of financial statements was prepared. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined by rolling forward the Plan's total pension liability as of July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015. The plan fiduciary net position is the market value of plan assets as of June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 18 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

### Net Pension Liability Information

The Authority as of September 30, 2016 reported a net pension liability in the amount of \$325,206 due to the adoption of GASB 68.

The component of the current year net pension liability of the Authority as of June 30, 2015, the last evaluation date, is as follows:

	 PERS
Employer Total Pension Liability	\$ 624,532
Plan Net Position	 (299,326)
<b>Employer Net Pension Liability</b>	\$ 325,206

The Authority allocation percentage is 0.0014487076% as of June 30, 2015.

### Allocation Percentage Methodology

Although the Division administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. For this year there was a change in allocation percentage from June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.90% as of June 30, 2015. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 4.9%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.80% as of June 30, 2015, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 18 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

### Discount Rate -Continued

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the average of the last five years of contributions made in relation to the last five years of recommended contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2033. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2033, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Should contributions to the Plan be different from those outlined above, the results would reflect the new contribution policy and may result in the Fiduciary Net Plan Position not being sufficient to cover the Plan's benefit payments at some future date and thus changing the discount rate used to determine the Plan's Total Pension Liability.

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The arithmetic mean return on the portfolio was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015. The capital market assumptions are per Buck's investment consulting practice for 2015.

The determination of each employer's projected long term contribution effort is accomplished by computing the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation using census data as of June 30, 2015. The indexed present value of future compensation for each employer is calculated by multiplying the present value of future projected compensation for current employees (that is, on a closed basis) by the applicable cost index for each participant. The present value of future compensation for a participant incorporates:

- 1) Current employee demographics, including age, years of service, and salary,
- 2) Projected salary increases, and
- 3) Decrements (probabilities of retirement, death, and withdrawal).

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 18 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

The cost indexes are designed to reflect the relative cost of benefits for groups of employees with a common benefit in relation to other groups within each GASB plan. These cost indexes are also used in the determination of annual required contributions. The cost indexes are based on a new entrant valuation where the most recent set of new members to

- 1) An PERS regular plan (retirement eligibility based on age and service),
- 2) An PERS special plan (retirement eligibility based on service alone), and

These new entrant rates are the employer contribution rates that would be paid over the employee's career assuming all valuation assumptions are realized without gains or losses. The ratio of new entrant rates between plans establishes the relative plan lucrativeness, or index.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the current-period net pension liability of the employers calculated using the current-period discount rate assumption of 4.90 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (3.90 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.90 percent) than the current assumption (in thousands). Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability due to change in the Discount Rate:

			Current	
	19	% Decrease (3.90%)	Discount (4.90%)	1% Increase (5.90%)
Authority's Proprortionate Share of the				
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	404,191	\$ 325,206	\$ 258,985

### <u>Changes in Proportion and Differences between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions</u>

The change in employer proportionate share is the amount of difference between the employer proportionate shares of net pension liability in the prior year compared to the current year. The difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions is the difference between the total amount of employer contributions and the amount of the proportionate share of employer contributions. The change in proportionate share and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions is amortized over a six-year closed period for PERS, reflecting the average remaining service life of PERS members (active and inactive members), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow or resources or a deferred inflow of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 18 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

The cumulative net amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30, 2017	\$ 6,819
Year Ending June 30, 2018	\$ 6,819
Year Ending June 30, 2019	\$ 10,860
Year Ending June 30, 2020	\$ 6,139

### Collective Pension Expense

Collective pension expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The collective pension expense for the period ended September 30, 2016 is \$24,654.

### **NOTE 19 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The Authority restricted net position account balance at September 30, 2016:

	Sep	otember-16
State Leveraging Funds Receivable	\$	150,808
Restricted State Leveraging Funds - Cash		157
Less: Accrued Interest Payable		(3,188)
Total Restricted Net Assets LIH Program		147,777
HCV Program Restricted Net Position		7,297
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	155,074

The detail of the HCV reserve account balances is as follows:

HAP Reserve September 30, 2016	\$ 7,297
Decrease During the Year	(24,509)
HAP Reserve September 30, 2015	\$ 31,806

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 19 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION - CONTINUED

Housing Choice Voucher Program HUD Held Reserves Funds

Effective January 1, 2012, HUD was required to control the disbursement of funds in such a way that the Authority does not receive funds before they are needed, resulting in the re-establishment of HUD held program reserves to comply with the Treasury requirements. HUD held reserve is a holding account at the HUD level that maintains the excess of HAP funds that have been obligated (ABA) but undisbursed to the Authority. The excess HAP funds will remain obligated but not disbursed to the Authority. HUD will hold these funds until needed by the Authority. The amount of HUD held reserves for the Authority at June 30, 2016 was \$279,862 September 30, 2016 amount was not available.

### **NOTE 20 - UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The Authority's unrestricted net position account balance at September 30, 2016 was in the amount of 433,788. The detail of the account balance is as follows:

LII	H Program	H	CV Admin		
I	Reserves	I	Reserves		Total
\$	(28,248)	\$	610,498	\$	582,250
	-		10,096		10,096
	(158,558)		-		(158,558)
	123,567		(123,567)		
\$	(63,239)	\$	497,027	\$	433,788
	<u> </u>	(158,558) 123,567	Reserves F (28,248) \$ (158,558) 123,567	Reserves       Reserves         \$ (28,248)       \$ 610,498         -       10,096         (158,558)       -         123,567       (123,567)	Reserves       Reserves         \$ (28,248)       \$ 610,498       \$         -       10,096         (158,558)       -       -         123,567       (123,567)

Below is a detail of the HCV Administrative Reserves:

	Sep	tember-16
Pre - 2004 Administrative Fee Reserve	\$	137,036
Post - 2003 Administrative Fee Reserve		359,991
Balance September 30, 2016	\$	497,027

### **NOTE 21 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Authority purchases commercial insurance. During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Authority's risk management program, in order to deal with the above potential liabilities, purchased various insurance policies for fire, general liability, crime, auto, employee bond, worker's compensation, and public-officials errors omissions. Periodically, but not less than once annually, the Authority conducts a physical inspection of its senior building for the purpose of determining potential liability issues.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### NOTE 22 - ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY FEDERAL AGENCIES

Pursuant to the Annual Contribution Contract, HUD makes annual debt service contributions to the Authority for each permanently financed project in the amount equal to the debt service on its bonds, plus, if necessary, an amount to fully amortize the Authority's indebtedness represented by permanent notes or project notes. Accrued HUD contributions for the year ended September 30, 2016 were \$ - 0 -.

HUD also contributes an additional operating subsidy approved in the operating budget under the Annual Contribution Contract. Additional operating subsidy contributions for the year ended September 30, 2016 was in the amount of \$189,767.

Annual Contributions Contracts for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program to provide for housing assistance payments to private owners of residential units on behalf of eligible low or very low income families. The programs provide for such payment with respect to existing covering the difference between the maximum rental on a dwelling unit, and the amount of rent contribution by the participating family and related administrative expense. HUD contributions for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher for September 30, 2016 were in the amount of \$2,210,139.

### NOTE 23 - CURRENT VULNERABILITY DUE TO CERTAIN CONCENTRATIONS

The Authority operations are concentrated in the low income housing real estate market. In addition, the Authority operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the Authority are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state, and local regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to HUD. Such administrative directives, rules, and regulations are subject to change by an act of congress or an administrative change mandated by HUD. Such changes may occur with little notice or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden, to comply with a change.

Governmental Accounting Standards Boards Statements (GASBS) requires disclosure in financial statements of a situation where one entity provides more than 10% percent of the audited entity's revenues. Total financial support by HUD was \$2,468,829 to the Authority which represents approximately 89% percent of the Authority's total revenue for the fiscal year September 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

### **NOTE 24 - CONTINGENCIES**

<u>Litigation</u> – At September 30, 2016, the Authority was not involved in any threatened litigation.

<u>Grants Disallowances</u> – The Authority participates in federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits performed by the federal government could lead to adjustments for disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, and reimbursement by the Authority for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. The Authority's management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

### **NOTE 25 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued, must be evaluated for recognition or disclosed. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date required disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management has evaluated the activity of the Authority thru February 9, 2017; the date which the financial statements were available for issue and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

### FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER

Programs funded by:

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Cumulative Expenditures	\$ 186,721 143,202 329,923	31,512 23,832 55,344	47,686 31,858 79,544	2,210,139 2,210,139 \$ 2,674,950
Fiscal Year Expenditures	\$ 46,565 143,202 189,767	7,878 23,832 31,710	10,685 26,528 37,213	2,210,139 2,210,139 \$ 2,468,829
Fiscal Year Cash Receipts	\$ 46,565 143,202 189,767	7,878 23,832 31,710	10,685 26,528 37,213	2,210,139 2,210,139 \$ 2,468,829
Grant Award	\$ 186,721 191,839 378,560	31,512 31,777 63,289	47,686 49,646 97,332	2,210,139 2,210,139 \$ 2,749,320
Grant Period m To	12/31/2015 12/31/2016	12/31/2015 12/31/2016	9/8/2015 5/12/2018	9/30/2016
Grant From	1/1/2015	1/1/2015	9/9/2013 5/13/2014	10/1/2015
CFDA #'s	14.850 14.850	Self Sufficiency 14.870 14.870	und Program 14.872 14.872	Vouchers 14.871
	Public and Indian Housing NJ068-00000115D NJ068-00000116D Grant Subtotal	Resident Opportunity & Self Sufficiency NJ068FSH156A014 14.870 NJ068FSH156A015 14.870 Grant Subtotal	Public Housing Capital Fund Program NJ39P068501-13 14.872 NJ39P068501-14 14.872 Grant Subtotal	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers NJ39P068 14.87 Grant Subtotal Total Awards

53 Hymanson, Parnes and Giampaolo

### HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

### Note 1. Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover is under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flow of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover.

### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowable under the Uniform Guidance.

### Note 3. Loans Outstanding:

Housing Authority Town of Dover had Capital Project Bonds payable in the amount of \$155,000, outstanding at September 30, 2016. See Note 15 on page 41 of this report for full detail.

### Note 4. Non- Cash Federal Assistance:

The Authority did not receive any non-cash Federal assistance for the year ended September 30, 2016.

### Note 5. Sub recipients:

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule above, the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover did not provide federal awards to any sub recipients.

# Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Of the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) September 30, 2016

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

GASB 68 requires supplementary information which includes the Authority's share of the net pension liability along with related ratios as listed below.

The schedule below displays the Authority's proportionate share of Net Pension Liability.

		2016		2015		2014	
Housing Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0.00144871%	0.0	0.00139474%	1.3	1.34403110%	
Housing Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<del>1/2</del>	325,206	₩	261,133	₩	256,871	
Housing Authority's covered employee payroll	₩	147,283	₩	126,784	₩	126,249	
Housing Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		220.80%		205.97%		203.46%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.07%		52.08%		48.72%	

\*The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Of the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) September 30, 2016

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - CONTINUED**The schedule below displays the Authority's contractually required contributions along with related ratios.

		2016		2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution	₩	12,455	₩	11,498	€	10,127	
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		(12,455)		(11,498)		(10,127)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩		₩	ı	₩	1	
Authority's covered payroll	₩	147,283 \$	₩	126,784	₩	126,249	
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.46%		9.07%		8.02%	

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

### **Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary**

Fiscal Year End: 09/30/2016

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

111 Cash - Unrestricted		Project Total	14.870 Resident Opportunity and	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	Total
112 Cash - Restricted	111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$163,863			\$759.304	\$759,304
113 Cash - Other Restricted   \$43,013   \$43,	112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••• •••••••••••••	÷
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits   \$20,391   \$20,39	113 Cash - Other Restricted			\$43.013		<u>.</u>
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$20,391			•••••	
100 Total Cash					<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects		\$184,411	\$0	\$638,454	\$822,865	\$822,865
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects				<b></b>	
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government			••••••	***************************************		
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous   126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants   126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other   \$0 \$0 \$0 \$10.000   \$10.000				\$3,056	\$3,056	\$3,056
128.1 Allowance for Doubfful Accounts - Tenants	}		••••••		Ψ0,000	Ψ0,000
1261 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Tenants   1262 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other   \$0 \$0 \$0 \$10,000   \$10,000				***************************************	ļ	
1262 Allowance for Doubful Accounts - Other   \$10,000	\$					
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current   \$10,000   \$10,000   \$10,000   \$10,000   \$10,000   \$128 Fraud Recovery   \$128 Fraud Receivable   \$128 Fraud Receivable   \$128 Fraud Receivable   \$128 Fraud Receivable   \$120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful   \$10,000   \$0   \$3,056   \$1	\$				<u> </u>	¢Λ
128 Fraud Recovery	\$i	\$10,000		ΨΟ		
129 Accrued Interest Receivable		ψ10,000			<u>φ10,000</u>	φ I U,UUU
129 Accrued Interest Receivable					<u> </u>	,
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts   \$10,000 \$0 \$3,056 \$13,056 \$13,056	<b>}</b>					
ST0,000   \$0   \$3,056   \$142,056   \$142,056   \$143,176   \$143,176   \$143,176   \$143,176   \$143,176   \$144						
132   Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	<u>.</u>	\$10,000	\$0	\$3,056	\$13,056	\$13,056
132   Investments - Restricted	131 Investments - Unrestricted					
135   Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	<del>}</del>					
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets   \$24,221   \$24,	\$					
143 Inventories       143 Inventories         143 In Allowance for Obsolete Inventories       144 Inter Program Due From         144 Inter Program Due From       145 Assets Held for Sale         150 Total Current Assets       \$218,632       \$0       \$641,510       \$860,142       \$860,0142         161 Land       \$68,000 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$24 221</td><td></td><td>••••••</td><td>624 224</td><td>¢24 224</td></td<>		\$24 221		••••••	624 224	¢24 224
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories       144 Inter Program Due From       145 Assets Held for Sale         145 Assets Held for Sale       \$218,632       \$0       \$641,510       \$860,142       \$860,142         150 Total Current Assets       \$218,632       \$0       \$641,510       \$860,0142       \$860,0142         161 Land       \$68,000       \$69,01,100       \$60,000       \$60,000       \$60,000       \$60,000       \$60,000       \$60,000       \$60,000 <td>}</td> <td>Ψ27,221</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>φ<b>24,221</b></td> <td><b>ΨΖ4,ΖΖ</b>Ι</td>	}	Ψ27,221			φ <b>24,221</b>	<b>ΨΖ4,ΖΖ</b> Ι
144 Inter Program Due From       145 Assets Held for Sale       \$218,632       \$0       \$641,510       \$860,142       \$860,142         150 Total Current Assets       \$218,632       \$0       \$641,510       \$860,012       \$860,0142         161 Land       \$68,000       \$68,000       \$68,000       \$68,000       \$68,000         162 Buildings       \$3,301,414       \$3,301,41	<u> </u>					
145 Assets Held for Sale	<b>}</b>					
\$218,632   \$0						•••••
161 Land	·	4040.000				
162 Buildings	150 Total Current Assets	\$218,632	\$0	\$641,510	\$860,142	\$860,142
162 Buildings   \$3,301,414   \$3,301,414   \$3,301,414   163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings   \$258,780   \$2	161 Land	\$68,000		••••••	\$68,000	\$68,000
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$258,780       \$131,71	162 Buildings	\$3,301,414		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	••••••••••	\$3,301,414
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration   \$129,844   \$1,866   \$131,710   \$131,710   \$151,710	163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings			***************************************	***************************************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
165   Leasehold Improvements		• •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		\$1.866		*************************************
167 Construction in Progress       ■ <t< td=""><td>\$</td><td></td><td></td><td>¥ 1,1000</td><td>1</td><td></td></t<>	\$			¥ 1,1000	1	
167 Construction in Progress       ■ <t< td=""><td>166 Accumulated Depreciation</td><td>-\$3 013 900</td><td></td><td>-\$1 866</td><td>-\$3.015.766</td><td>-\$3 015 766</td></t<>	166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$3 013 900		-\$1 866	-\$3.015.766	-\$3 015 766
168 Infrastructure		1 10,000			Ψο,οτο,7οο	Ψο,στο,τοσ
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation   \$744,138   \$0   \$0   \$744,138   \$744,138   \$744,138   \$1744,138	}			••••••		
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past Due       \$140,808	}	\$744,138	\$0	\$0	\$744,138	\$744,138
Past Due       \$140,808       \$140,808       \$140,808       \$140,808         174 Other Assets       \$174 Other Assets       \$140,808       \$140,808       \$140,808         176 Investments in Joint Ventures       \$176 Investments in	171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current					
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current       \$140,808       \$140,808       \$140,808         174 Other Assets						
174 Other Assets       176 Investments in Joint Ventures       180 Total Non-Current Assets       \$884,946       \$0       \$0       \$884,946       \$884,946         200 Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$65,745       \$28,176       \$93,921       \$93,921         290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$1,169,323       \$0       \$669,686       \$1,839,009       \$1,839,009         311 Bank Overdraft       312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days		\$140.909			\$140 000	\$140 000
176 Investments in Joint Ventures       \$884,946       \$0       \$0       \$884,946       \$884,946         200 Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$65,745       \$28,176       \$93,921       \$93,921         290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$1,169,323       \$0       \$669,686       \$1,839,009         311 Bank Overdraft       312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days		ψ170,000			φ14U,0U0	φι4υ,ουδ
180 Total Non-Current Assets       \$884,946       \$0       \$0       \$884,946       \$884,946         200 Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$65,745       \$28,176       \$93,921       \$93,921         290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$1,169,323       \$0       \$669,686       \$1,839,009       \$1,839,009         311 Bank Overdraft       312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days				••••••	1	
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$65,745       \$28,176       \$93,921       \$93,921         290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources       \$1,169,323       \$0       \$669,686       \$1,839,009       \$1,839,009         311 Bank Overdraft       312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days		6004.040	<b></b>	ФО	#004 040	#004 040
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources \$1,169,323 \$0 \$669,686 \$1,839,009 \$1,839,009 \$311 Bank Overdraft \$312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days \$15,921 \$3,769 \$19,690 \$19,690	100 Total Non-Current Assets	\$884,946	\$0	\$0	\$884,946	\$884,946
311 Bank Overdraft \$312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days \$15,921 \$3,769 \$19,690 \$19,690	200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$65,745		\$28,176	\$93,921	\$93,921
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days \$15,921 \$3,769 \$19,690 \$19,690	290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$1,169,323	\$0	\$669,686	\$1,839,009	\$1,839,009
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days \$15,921 \$3,769 \$19,690 \$19,690	311 Bank Overdraft					
		\$15 921		\$3 769	\$19.690	\$19 690
a to Accounts Favable 290 Days Past Dife :	313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	¥10,021		Ψ5,703	Ψ13,030	Ψ.υ,υσυ

### **Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary**

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

Fiscal Year End: 09/30/2016

		14.870 Resident	14.871 Housing		
	Project Total	Opportunity and	Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	Total
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$620			\$620	\$620
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$1,849		\$1,070	\$2,919	\$2,919
324 Accrued Contingency Liability			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
325 Accrued Interest Payable	\$3,188		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	\$3,188	\$3,188
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$20,938		••••••	\$20,938	\$20,938
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$20,391		••••••	\$20,391	\$20,391
342 Unearned Revenue			•••••••		
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital	£10.000		•••••••••••	640.000	£40.000
Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$10,000			\$10,000	\$10,000
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating					
Borrowings					
345 Other Current Liabilities				<u> </u>	
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other					
347 Inter Program - Due To					
348 Loan Liability - Current					<b></b>
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$72,907	\$0	\$4,839	\$77,746	\$77,746
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital	\$145,000			\$145,000	\$145,000
Projects/Mortgage Revenue	Ψ110,000			Ψ1 <del>4</del> 3,000	Ψ140,000
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings					
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other			\$35,716	\$35,716	\$35,716
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$16,643		\$9,633	\$26,276	\$26,276
355 Loan Liability - Non Current					
356 FASB 5 Liabilities					
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$257,437		\$113,605	\$371,042	\$371,042
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$419,080	\$0	\$158,954	\$578,034	\$578,034
300 Total Liabilities	\$491,987	\$0	\$163,793	\$655,780	\$655,780
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$3,660		\$1,569	\$5,229	\$5,229
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$589,138	\$0	\$0	\$589,138	\$589,138
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$147,777	\$0	\$7,297	\$155,074	\$155,074
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	-\$63,239	\$0	\$497,027	\$433,788	\$433,788
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$673,676	\$0	\$504,324	\$1,178,000	\$1,178,000
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$1,169,323	\$0	\$669,686	\$1,839,009	\$1,839,009

### **Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary**

Fiscal Year End: 09/30/2016

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

14.870 14.871 Housing Resident **Project Total** Total Subtotal Opportunity Choice Vouchers and 70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue \$225,304 \$225,304 \$225,304 70400 Tenant Revenue - Other \$4,907 \$4,907 \$4,907 70500 Total Tenant Revenue \$230,211 \$0 \$230,211 \$230,211 \$0 70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants \$2,434,786 \$192,937 \$31,710 \$2,210,139 \$2,434,786 70610 Capital Grants \$34,043 \$34,043 \$34,043 70710 Management Fee 70720 Asset Management Fee 70730 Book Keeping Fee 70740 Front Line Service Fee 70750 Other Fees 70700 Total Fee Revenue 70800 Other Government Grants 71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted \$1,827 \$238 \$2,065 \$2,065 71200 Mortgage Interest Income 71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale 71310 Cost of Sale of Assets 71400 Fraud Recovery \$2,803 \$2,803 \$2.803 71500 Other Revenue \$35,388 \$32,097 \$67,485 \$67,485 71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets 72000 Investment Income - Restricted 70000 Total Revenue \$494,406 \$2,245,277 \$31,710 \$2,771,393 \$2,771,393 91100 Administrative Salaries \$73.806 \$138.048 \$10,000 \$54,242 \$138,048 91200 Auditing Fees \$4,750 \$4,750 \$9,500 \$9,500 91300 Management Fee 91310 Book-keeping Fee 91400 Advertising and Marketing 91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative \$78,928 \$62,500 \$2,941 \$144,369 \$144,369 91600 Office Expenses \$44,317 \$44,317 \$44,317 91700 Legal Expense \$3,100 \$4,900 \$8,000 \$8,000 91800 Travel \$68 \$68 \$136 \$136 91810 Allocated Overhead 91900 Other \$2,170 \$18,769 \$78,777 \$99,716 \$99.716 91000 Total Operating - Administrative \$207,139 \$205,237 \$444,086 \$31,710 \$444,086 92000 Asset Management Fee 92100 Tenant Services - Salaries 92200 Relocation Costs 92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services 92400 Tenant Services - Other \$1,850 \$1,850 \$1,850 92500 Total Tenant Services \$1,850 \$0 \$0 \$1,850 \$1,850 93100 Water \$22,574 \$22,574 \$22,574 93200 Electricity \$96,695 \$96,695 \$96,695 93300 Gas 93400 Fuel 93500 Labor 93600 Sewer 93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities 93800 Other Utilities Expense 93000 Total Utilities \$119,269 \$0 \$119,269 \$0 \$119,269 94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor \$9,235 \$9,235 \$9,235

### **Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary**

Fiscal Year End: 09/30/2016

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

14.870 14.871 Resident Housing **Project Total** Total Subtotal Choice Opportunity Vouchers and 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and \$4.742 \$4,742 \$4,742 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts \$74,078 \$74,078 \$74,078 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary \$9,755 \$9,755 \$9,755 Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance \$97,810 \$0 \$97,810 \$0 \$97,810 95100 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$5,212 \$5,212 \$5,212 95300 Protective Services - Other 95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services 95000 Total Protective Services \$5,212 \$0 \$0 \$5,212 \$5,212 96110 Property Insurance \$9,702 \$9,702 \$9.702 96120 Liability Insurance \$4,736 \$4,736 \$4,736 96130 Workmen's Compensation \$6,416 \$6,416 \$6,416 96140 All Other Insurance \$6,888 \$6,888 \$6.888 96100 Total insurance Premiums \$27,742 \$0 \$0 \$27,742 \$27,742 96200 Other General Expenses \$352 \$71,744 \$72,096 \$72,096 96210 Compensated Absences \$4,787 \$1,095 \$5,882 \$5,882 96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes \$11,094 \$11,094 \$11,094 96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents 96500 Bad debt - Mortgages 96600 Bad debt - Other 96800 Severance Expense 96000 Total Other General Expenses \$16,233 \$0 \$72,839 \$89,072 \$89,072 96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable \$7,898 \$7,898 \$7,898 96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term) 96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs 96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost \$7,898 \$0 \$0 \$7,898 \$7,898 96900 Total Operating Expenses \$483,153 \$31,710 \$278,076 \$792,939 \$792,939 97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating \$11,253 \$0 \$1,967,201 \$1,978,454 \$1,978,454 Expenses 97100 Extraordinary Maintenance \$14,387 \$14,387 \$14,387 97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized 97300 Housing Assistance Payments \$1,979,849 \$1,979,849 \$1,979,849 97350 HAP Portability-In \$1,765 \$1,765 \$1,765 97400 Depreciation Expense \$134,442 \$134,442 \$134,442 97500 Fraud Losses 97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds 97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds 97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense 90000 Total Expenses \$631,982 \$31,710 \$2,259,690 \$2,923,382 \$2,923,382 10010 Operating Transfer In \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 10020 Operating transfer Out -\$1,000 -\$1,000 -\$1,000 10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government 10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit 10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds 10060 Proceeds from Property Sales 10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss

### **Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary**

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit Fiscal Year End: 09/30/2016 14.871 14.870 Housing Resident **Project Total** Subtotal Total Opportunity Choice Vouchers and 10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss) 10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In 10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out 10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In 10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out 10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) -\$137,576 -\$14,413 -\$151,989 \$0 -\$151,989 Total Expenses 11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 11030 Beginning Equity \$687,685 \$642,304 \$1,329,989 \$0 \$1,329,989 11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and \$123,567 -\$123,567 \$0 Correction of Errors 11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance 11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance 11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability 11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability 11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Dwelling Rents 11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other 11170 Administrative Fee Equity \$497,027 \$497,027 \$497,027 11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity \$7,297 \$7,297 \$7,297 11190 Unit Months Available 708 0 2976 3684 3684 11210 Number of Unit Months Leased 3673 704 0 2969 3673 11270 Excess Cash \$81,266 \$81,266 \$81,266 11610 Land Purchases \$0 \$0 \$0 11620 Building Purchases \$0 \$0 \$0 11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases \$25,616 \$25,616 \$25,616 11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases \$0 \$0 \$0 11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases \$0 \$0 \$0 11660 Infrastructure Purchases \$0 \$0 \$0

\$8,427

\$8,427

\$0

\$8,427

13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments

13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds

### HOUSING AUTHORITY TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND GRANT COST AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		NJ	J39P068501-13			
	Approved Budget		Actual Cost		Overrun	
Operations	\$ 2,000	\$	2,000	\$		_
Dwelling Equipment	27,481		27,481			-
Bond Debt Obligation	18,205		18,205			-
Total	\$ 47,686	\$	47,686	\$		
Funds Advanced	\$ 47,686					
Funds Expended	47,686					
Excess of Funds Advanced	\$ 					

- 1. The distribution of cost by project and account classification accompanying the Actual Capital Fund Cost Certificates submitted to HUD for approval were in agreement with the Authority's records.
- 2. All Capital Fund cost have been paid and all related liabilities have been discharged through payment.
- 3. The Capital Fund Program 501-13 was completed on November 16, 2016
- 4. There were no budget overruns noted.



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Housing Authority of the Town of Dover basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2017.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Housing Authority of the Town of Dover internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Housing Authority of the Town of Dover financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

### <u> Hymanson, Parnes & Giampaolo</u>

Lincroft, New Jersey Date: February 9, 2017



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE
FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE
UNIFORM GUIDANCE

(Unmodified Opinion on Compliance for Each Major Program: No Material Weakness or Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control Over Compliance Identified)

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Housing Authority of the Town of Dover compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016. Housing Authority of the Town of Dover major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Housing Authority of the Town of Dover compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Housing Authority of the Town of Dover complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Hymanson, Parnes & Giampaolo

Lincroft, New Jersey Date: February 9, 2017

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2016

### **Prior Audit Findings**

None reported

**Financial Statements** 

### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Type of Auditor's Re	eport Issued:		<u>Unm</u>	<u>odified</u>
Internal Control over	er Financial Reporting:			
	Material Weakness (es) Identified?		yes	X no
	Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are		•	
	considered to be material weakness(es)?		_yes	X none reported
Noncompliance Mat	erial to Financial Statements Noted?		_yes	Xno
Federal Awards				
Internal Control over	er Major Programs:			
	Material Weakness (es) Identified?		yes	Xno
	Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are		-	
	considered to be material weakness(es)?	-	_yes	X none reported
Type of audit report	issued on compliance for			
major programs			<u>Unm</u>	<u>odified</u>
Any audit findings of	lisclosed that are required to be			
reported in accord	lance with section Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation			
Part 200, Uniform	Administrative Requirements,		_yes	Xno
Identification of Ma	or Programs			
CFDA#	Name of Federal Program	Amount		
14.850	Public and Indian Housing Program	\$ 189,767	-	
14.871	Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	\$ 2,210,139		
Dollar threshold us	ed to Distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	\$ 750,000	_	
Auditee qualified as	s a low-risk auditee	X	_yes	no

### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None reported

### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None reported

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### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

**Board of Commissioners** Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

We have performed the procedure described in the second paragraph of this report, which was agreed to by Housing Authority of the Town of Dover and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Public Indian Housing-Real Estate Assessment Center (PIH-REAC), solely to assist them in determining whether the electronic submission of certain information agrees with the related hard copy documents included within the OMB Uniform Guidance reporting package. Housing Authority of the Town of Dover is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the electronic submission. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The sufficiency of the procedure is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

We compared the electronic submission of the items listed in the "UFRS Rule Information" column with the corresponding printed documents listed in the "Hard Copy Documents" column. The results of the performance of our agreed-upon procedure indicate agreement or non-agreement of the electronically submitted information and hard copy documents as shown in the attached chart.

We were engaged to perform an audit in accordance with the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), by Housing Authority of the Town of Dover as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and have issued our reports thereon dated February 9, 2017. The information in the "Hard Copy Documents" column was included within the scope, or was a by-product of that audit. Further, our opinion on the fair presentation of the supplementary information dated September 30, 2016, was expressed in relation to the basic financial statements of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover taken as a whole.

A copy of the reporting package required by OMB Uniform Guidance, which includes the auditor's reports, is available in its entirety from Housing Authority of the Town of Dover. We have not performed any additional auditing procedures since the date of the aforementioned audit reports. Further, we take no responsibility for the security of the information transmitted electronically to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, PIH-REAC.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, PIH-REAC, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

### Hymanson, Parnes & Giampaolo

Lincroft, New Jersey February 9, 2017

### ATTACHMENT TO INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

PROCEDURE	UFRS RULE INFORMATION	HARD COPY DOCUMENTS	AGREES	DOES NOT AGREE
1	Balance Sheet and Revenue and Expense (data line items 111 to 13901)	Financial Data Schedule,all CFDAs	6	С
2	Footnotes (data element G5000-010)	Footnotes to audited basic financial statements	(6	О
3	Type of opinion on FDS (data element G3100-040)	Auditor's supplemental report on FDS	6	C
4	Audit findings narrative (data element G5200-010)	Schedule of Findings and Questioned costs	6	C
5	General information (data element series G2000,G2100,G2200,G9000,G9100)	OMB Data Collection Form*	•	C
6	Financial statement report information (data element G3000-010 to G3000-050	Schedule of Findings and Questioned costs,Part 1 and OMB Data Collection Form*	•	С
7	Federal program report information (data element G4000-020 to G4000-040)	Schedule of Findings and Questioned costs,Part 1 and OMB Data Collection Form*	6	С
8	Type of Compliance Requirement (G4200-020 & G4000-030)	OMB Data Collection Form*	•	С
9	Basic financial statements and auditor's reports required to be submitted electronically	Basic financial statements (inclusive of auditor reports)	•	С