Report On Audit

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF TOWN OF DOVER

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2022, and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover as of September 30, 2022, and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
 Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover.
- Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and OPEB and PERS supplemental information on pages 5 through 19 and pages 61-65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information on pages 66-73 is presented for additional analysis and is not required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Capital Fund cost certification are also not required part of the basic financial statements.

The electronic filed Financial Data Schedule is presented for additional analysis as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Real Estate Assessment Center and is also not required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Capital Fund cost certification and the Financial Data Schedule, are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Capital Fund cost certification, and the Financial Data Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2023, in our consideration of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Giampaolo & Associates

Lincroft, New Jersey Date: March 24, 2023

As Management of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover (the Authority), present the following discussion and analysis which is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and is intended to provide an easily readable explanation of the information provided in the attached financial statements. Management Discussion and Analysis is designed to focus on the current year activities, resulting changes, and current known facts. It is by necessity highly summarized, and in order to gain a thorough understanding of the Authority's financial position, the financial statements and footnotes should be viewed in their entirety beginning on page 20 of this report. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements as presented elsewhere in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The liabilities and deferred outflows of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$22,364 an increase in the surplus of \$310,602 or 108% percent as compared to the prior year.

As noted above, the net position of the Authority was \$22,364 as of September 30, 2022. Of this amount, the unrestricted net position is a negative (\$535,066) representing a decrease in the deficit of \$400,976 or 43% percent from the previous year. During the year, the Authority recorded a prior period adjustment for the adjustment in the opening balance in the OPEB in the amount of \$211,820. Additional information on the Authority's unrestricted net positions can be found in Note 22 the financial statements, which is included in this report.

The net investment in capital assets decreased \$10,337 or 2% percent for an ending balance of \$483,073.

The restricted net position decreased \$80,037 from the previous year for an ending balance of \$74,357. Additional information on the Authority's restricted net position can be found in Note 21 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

The Authority's total cash, and cash equivalent on September 30, 2022, is \$1,400,184 representing an increase of \$37,716 or 3% percent from the prior year. Operating cash increased \$74,833 or 6% percent for an ending balance of \$1,298,000. Total restricted cash decreased \$37,117 or 27% percent for an ending balance of \$102,184. The full detail of these amounts can be found in the Statements of Cash Flows on pages 23-24 of this report.

The Authority's total assets and deferred outflows are \$2,459,538 of which capital assets net book value is \$563,073, deferred outflows is \$63,642, other assets in the amount of \$290,624, leaving total current assets at \$1,542,199. Total current assets increased from the previous year by \$150,541 or 11% percent. Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents increased by \$74,833, restricted deposits and funded reserves decreased \$37,117, accounts receivables increased by \$86,802 and prepaid expenses increased by \$26,023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - CONTINUED

As previously stated, total restricted deposits and funded reserves decreased from the previous year by \$37,117 or 27% percent for an ending balance of \$102,184.

Capital assets reported a decrease in the net book value of the capital assets in the amount of \$25,337 or 4% percent. The major factor that contributed for the decrease was the purchase of fixed assets in the amount of \$49,362, less the recording of depreciation expense in the amount of \$74,699. A full detail of capital outlays can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note – 8 Fixed Assets.

The Authority's note receivable – noncurrent decreased \$15,000 or 20% percent as compared to the previous fiscal year for an ending balance of \$60,808. The amount consists of future grants receivable for the payment of the debt of the capital leveraging program.

The Authority reported a decrease in the deferred outflow for the pension cost in the amount of \$169,589 for an ending balance of \$63,642. The Authority reported an increase in the deferred inflow for the pension cost in the amount of \$82,162 for an ending balance of \$1,163,420. A full detail of the pension reporting requirement can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note – 11 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

The Authority reported an increase in the deferred inflow due to lease revenue in the amount of \$205,292 or 100% percent during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. A full detail of this account can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements – Note 10 – Lease Revenue.

The Authority's total liabilities are reported at \$1,068,462, of which current liabilities are stated at \$91,088 and noncurrent liabilities are stated at \$977,374. Total liabilities decreased during the year as compared to the prior year in the amount of \$427,625, or 29% percent. Total current liabilities increased during the year by \$3,684, leaving noncurrent liabilities for a decrease of \$431,309 as compared to the previous year.

As previously stated, total current liabilities increased during the year by \$3,684 or 4% percent. Accounts payables increased by \$7,818, accrued liabilities decreased by \$3,223, tenant security deposit payable decreased by \$1,004, unearned revenue increased by \$93, and the current portion of long-term debt remained the unchanged for the year.

Total noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$431,309 or 31% percent. The decrease was made up of four (4) accounts, accrued compensated absences – long term with no offsetting assets decreased \$6,695 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$23,881, long-term note payable which decreased by \$15,000 for an ending balance of \$65,000, and other noncurrent liabilities increased \$29,237 for an ending balance of \$84,763.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - CONTINUED

Accrued pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liabilities decreased \$438,851 for an ending balance of \$803,730. Additional information on GASB #68 and #75 effect and the Authority's accrued OPEB liabilities on September 30, 2022, can be found in Notes 18-19 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

The Authority had total operating revenue of \$3,264,134 as compared to \$3,448,639 from the prior year for a decrease of \$184,505 or 5% percent. The Authority had total operating expenses of \$3,192,267 as compared to \$3,214,306 from the previous year for a decrease of \$22,039 or 1% percent, resulting in excess revenue from operations in the amount of \$71,867 for the current year as compared to excess revenue from operations in the amount of \$234,333 for a decrease in excess revenue of \$162,466 or 69% percent from the previous year.

Total capital improvements contributions from HUD were in the amount of \$54,325 as compared to \$61,979 from the previous year for a decrease of \$7,654 or 12% percent.

The Authority had capital outlays in the amount of \$49,362 for the fiscal year. A full detail of capital outlays can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note – 8 Fixed Assets.

The Authority's Expenditures of Federal Awards amounted to \$3,020,863 for the fiscal year 2022 as compared to \$3,222,350 for the previous fiscal year 2021 for a decrease of \$201,487 or 6% percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Housing Authority's annual report consists of financial statements that show combined information about the Housing Authority's most significant programs:

- 1. Public and Indian Housing Program
- 2. Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program
- 3. Public Housing Capital Fund Program

The Housing Authority's auditors provided assurance in their independent auditors' report with which this MD&A is included, that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditors provide varying degrees of assurance regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent auditors' report carefully to determine the level of assurance provided for each of the other parts of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Housing Authority's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are prepared on an entity wide basis and consist of:

- 1) Statements of Net Position
- 2) Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
- 3) Statements of Cash Flows
- 4) Notes to the Financial Statements

The Authority's financial statements and notes to financial statements included in this Report were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental entities for the Enterprise Fund types. The Authority's activities are primarily supported by HUD subsidies and grants. The Authority's function is to provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing to low income and special needs populations. The financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 24.

<u>Statements of Net Position</u> – This statement presents information on the Authority's total of assets and deferred outflow of resources, and total of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – This statement presents information showing how the Authority's net position increased or decreased during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash inflows and cash outflows in the future periods.

Statements of Cash Flows—This statement presents information showing the total cash receipts and cash disbursements of the Housing Authority during the current fiscal year. The statement reflects the net changes in cash resulting from operations plus any other cash requirements during the current year (i.e., capital additions, debt payments, prior period obligations, etc.). In addition, the statement reflects the receipt of cash that was obligated to the Housing Authority in prior periods and subsequently received during the current fiscal year (i.e., accounts receivable, notes receivable, etc.).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION - CONTINUED

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> - Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided. These notes give greater understanding on the overall activity of the Housing Authority and how values are assigned to certain assets and liabilities and the longevity of these values. In addition, notes reflect the impact (if any) of any uncertainties the Housing Authority may face. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found in this Report beginning on page 25 through 60.

In addition to the basic financial statements listed above, our report includes supplemental information. This information is to provide more detail on the Housing Authority's various programs and the required information mandated by regulatory bodies that fund the Housing Authority's various programs.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purpose of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations. The schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards can be found on pages 66-67 of this report.

- 1. Federal Awards Pursuant to the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), federal award is defined as federal financial assistance and federal cost reimbursement contracts that non-federal agencies receive directly or indirectly from federal agencies or pass-through entities. Federal financial assistance is defined as assistance that nonfederal entities receive or administer in the form of grants, loans, loan guarantees, property, cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, direct appropriations and other assistance.
- 2. Type A and Type B Programs The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the Uniform Guidance establish the levels of expenditures or expenses to be used in defining Type A and Type B Federal financial assistance programs. Type A programs for the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover are those which equal or exceeded \$750,000 in expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Type B programs for the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover are those which are less than \$750,000 in expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE)

The following summarizes the computation of Net Position between September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021:

Computations of Net Position are as follows:

<u>Year Ended</u>					Increase		
September-22 September-2		eptember-21	(Decrease)				
\$	1,400,184	\$	1,362,468	\$	37,716		
	142,015		29,190		112,825		
	563,073		588,410		(25,337)		
	290,624		75,808		214,816		
	63,642		233,231		(169,589)		
	2,459,538		2,289,107		170,431		
	(91,088)		(87,404)		(3,684)		
	(977, 374)		(1,408,683)		431,309		
	(1,368,712)		(1,081,258)		(287,454)		
\$	22,364	\$	(288,238)	\$	310,602		
\$	483,073	\$	493,410	\$	(10,337)		
	74,357		154,394		(80,037)		
	(535,066)		(936,042)		400,976		
\$	22,364	\$	(288,238)	\$	310,602		
	\$ \$	September-22 \$ 1,400,184	September-22 See \$ 1,400,184 \$ 142,015 563,073 290,624 63,642 2,459,538 (91,088) (977,374) (1,368,712) \$ 22,364 \$ \$ 483,073 \$ 74,357 (535,066)	September-22 September-21 \$ 1,400,184 \$ 1,362,468 142,015 29,190 563,073 588,410 290,624 75,808 63,642 233,231 2,459,538 2,289,107 (91,088) (87,404) (977,374) (1,408,683) (1,368,712) (1,081,258) \$ 22,364 \$ (288,238) \$ 483,073 \$ 493,410 74,357 154,394 (535,066) (936,042)	September-22 September-21 \$ 1,400,184 \$ 1,362,468 \$ 142,015 \$ 29,190 563,073 588,410 \$ 290,624 75,808 \$ 63,642 233,231 \$ 2,459,538 2,289,107 \$ (91,088) (87,404) \$ (977,374) (1,408,683) \$ (1,368,712) (1,081,258) \$ 22,364 \$ (288,238) \$ 483,073 \$ 493,410 \$ 74,357 154,394 (535,066) (936,042)		

Cash increased by \$37,716 or 3% percent. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$79,163, net cash used by capital and related financing activities was \$50,515 and net cash provided by investing activities was \$9,068. The full detail of this amount can be found in the Statements of Cash Flows on pages 23-24 of this audit report.

Other current assets increased \$112,825. Accounts receivables increased by \$86,802 and prepaid expenses increased by \$26,023.

Capital assets reported a decrease in the net book value of the capital assets in the amount of \$25,337 or 4% percent. The major factor that contributed for the increase was the purchase of fixed assets in the amount of \$49,362, less the recording of depreciation expense in the amount of \$74,699. A full detail of capital outlays can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note – 8 Fixed Assets.

The Authority reported an increase in other assets in the amount of \$214,816 or 283% percent for an ending balance of \$290,624. The Authority's note receivable – noncurrent decreased \$15,000 or 20% percent as compared to the previous fiscal year for an ending balance of \$60,808. The amount consists of future grants receivable for the payment of the debt of the capital leveraging program. A full detail of the Authority's grants receivable – noncurrent at September 30, 2022 can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note 9.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The Authority reported an increase in leases receivable – noncurrent in the amount of \$229,816 or 100% percent. A full detail of the Authority's leases receivable – noncurrent at September 30, 2022 can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note 10.

The Authority reported a decrease in the deferred outflow for the pension cost in the amount of \$169,589 for an ending balance of \$63,642. The Authority reported an increase in the deferred inflow for the pension cost in the amount of \$82,162 for an ending balance of \$1,163,420. A full detail of the pension reporting requirement can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note – 11 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

The Authority reported an increase in the deferred inflow for the lease revenue in the amount of \$205,292 or 100% percent for an ending balance of \$205,292. A full detail of the Authority's deferred inflows due to lease revenue at September 30, 2022 can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note 10 – Lease Revenue.

The Authority's total current liabilities increased by \$3,684 or 4% percent. Accounts payables increased by \$7,818, accrued liabilities decreased by \$3,223, tenant security deposit payable decreased by \$1,004, unearned revenue increased by \$93, and the current portion of long-term debt remained the unchanged for the year.

Total noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$431,309 or 31% percent. The decrease was made up of four (4) accounts, accrued compensated absences – long term with no offsetting assets decreased \$6,695 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$23,881, long-term note payable which decreased by \$15,000 for an ending balance of \$65,000, and other noncurrent liabilities increased \$29,237 for an ending balance of \$84,763.

Accrued pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liabilities decreased \$438,851 for an ending balance of \$803,730. Additional information on GASB #68 and #75 effect and the Authority's accrued OPEB liabilities on September 30, 2022 can be found in Notes 18-19 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

The Authority's reported net position of \$22,364 is made up of three categories. The net investment in capital assets in the amount of \$483,073 represents a majority of the account balance. The Authority's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and construction in process); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The Authority uses these capital assets to provide housing services to the tenants; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The schedule below reflects the activity in this account for the current fiscal year:

Balance September 30, 2021	\$ 493,410
Acquisition in Fixed Assets	49,362
Depreciation Expense	(74,699)
Payment of Debt	15,000
Balance September 30, 2022	\$ 483,073

The Authority reported a restricted net position in the amount of \$74,357 which decreased \$80,037 or 52% percent compared to the prior fiscal year. A full detail of this account can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Notes – 21.

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover operating results for September 30, 2022 reported an increase in unrestricted position of \$400,976 or 43% percent for an ending balance of a deficit (\$535,066). A full detail of this account can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements Section Note – 22 Unrestricted Net Position. During the year, the Authority had a prior period adjustment in the amount of \$211,820 for the adjusting the opening balance of the OPEB report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The following summarizes the changes in Net Position between September 30, 2022, and September 30, 2021:

Computation of Changes in Net Position are as follows:

	Year Ended					Increase
	Se	ptember-22	Se	September-21		(Decrease)
Revenues						
Tenant Revenues	\$	218,753	\$	216,021	\$	2,732
HUD Operating Grants		2,966,538		3,160,371		(193,833)
Fraud Recovery		5,344		1,279		4,065
Other Revenues		73,499		70,968		2,531
Total Operating Income		3,264,134		3,448,639		(184,505)
Expenses						
Operating Expenses		3,117,568		3,150,792		(33,224)
Depreciation Expense		74,699		63,514		11,185
Total Operating Expenses		3,192,267		3,214,306		(22,039)
Operating Income		71,867		234,333		(162,466)
Interest Income		10,072		10,703		(631)
Extraordinary Maintenance		(37,482)		-		(37,482)
HUD Capital Grants		54,325		61,979		(7,654)
Change in Net Position		98,782		307,015		(208,233)
Net Position Prior Year		(288,238)		(820,171)		531,933
Prior Period Adjustment		211,820		224,918		(13,098)
Total Net Position	\$	22,364	\$	(288,238)	\$	310,602

Approximately 91% percent of the Authority's total revenue was provided by HUD operating subsidy, while 7% percent resulted from tenant revenue. Charges for various services and fraud recovery provided for the remaining 2% percent of the total operating income.

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover received capital fund improvement grant money during the year in the amount of \$54,325 as compared to \$61,979 for the previous year. There were capital expenditures in the amount of \$49,362, which was used to purchase new appliances for residents, upgrade the boiler system and related piping, and purchase new washing machines for the laundry room.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The Authority operating expenses cover a range of expenses. The largest expense was for Housing Assistance Payments representing 73% percent of total operating expenses. Administrative expenses accounted for 11% percent, tenant services accounted for 3% percent, utilities expense accounted for 4% percent, maintenance expense accounted for 3% percent, protective services accounted for less than 1%, other operating expenses accounted for 3% percent, and depreciation accounted for the remaining 2% of the total operating expenses.

The Authority's operating revenue exceeded its operating expenses resulting in a surplus of revenue from operations in the amount of \$71,867 from operations as compared to excess revenue from operations in the amount of \$234,333 for the previous year. The key element for the decrease in the surplus in comparison to the prior year is as follows:

- Tenant dwelling rents increased \$2,732 or 1% percent mainly due to an increase in tenant household income.
- The Authority experienced a decrease in HUD operating grants in the amount of \$193,833 or 6% percent.
- Fraud recovery revenue increased \$4,065 or 318% percent.
- Other revenue increased \$2,531 or 4% percent.
- The Housing Authority experienced an increase in the following expense accounts:
 - o Administrative expenses increased \$57,948 or 21% percent.
 - o Other operating expenses increased \$10,627 or 11% percent.
 - o Housing Assistance Payments increased \$36,593 or 2% percent.
 - o Depreciation expense increased \$11,185 or 18% percent.
- The Housing Authority experienced a decrease in the following expense accounts:
 - o Tenant services expenses decreased \$128,263 or 57% percent.
 - o Utilities expense decreased \$6,154 or 5% percent.
 - o Maintenance expenses decreased \$221 or less than 1% percent.
 - o Protective services expenses decreased \$3,754 or 60% percent.

Total net cash provided by operating activities during the year was \$79,163. A full detail of this amount can be found on the Statements of Cash Flows on pages 23-24 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY (ENTITY WIDE) - CONTINUED

The Authority's revenues consist primarily of rents and subsidies and grants received from HUD. The Authority receives subsidies each month based on a pre-approved amount by HUD. Grants are drawn down based on need against a pre-authorized funding level. to cover any foreseeable shortfall rising from a possible economic turndown and reduced subsidies and grants.

The following are financial highlights of significant items for a four-year period of time ending on September 30, 2022:

	September-22		Se	September-21		eptember-20	Se	eptember-19
Significant Income								
Total Tenant Revenue	\$	218,753	\$	216,021	\$	213,420	\$	223,054
HUD Operating Grants		2,966,538		3,160,371		2,710,559		2,563,749
HUD Capital Grants		54,325		61,979		11,081		200,199
Investment Income		10,072		10,703		11,034		13,367
Other Revenue		78,843		72,247		73,488		61,792
Total	_\$	3,328,531	\$	3,521,321	\$	3,019,582	\$	3,062,161
Payroll Expense								
Administrative Salaries	\$	170,342	\$	96,140	\$	158,329	\$	165,312
Maintenance Labor				-		_		125
Tenant Services Salaries		89,273		80,000		12,000		-
Employee Benefits Expense		49,626		94,682		125,038		272,893
Total Payroll Expense	\$_	309,241	\$	270,822	\$	295,367	\$	438,330
Other Significant Expenses								
Other Administrative Expenses	\$	122,240	\$	100,404	\$	104,626	\$	120,639
Utilities Expense		115,433		121,587		113,648		117,832
Maintenance Contract Cost		110,633		109,353		79,409		74,445
Insurance Premiums		43,625		39,789		37,790		35,248
Housing Assistance Payments		2,343,745		2,307,152		2,178,295		2,000,115
Total	\$	2,735,676	\$	2,678,285	\$	2,513,768	\$	2,348,279
Total Operating Expenses	\$	3,192,267	\$	3,214,306	\$	3,070,057	\$	2,988,235
							720	
Total of Federal Awards	\$	3,020,863	\$	3,222,350	\$	2,721,640	\$	2,763,948

THE HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER PROGRAMS

Public and Indian Housing Program:

Under the Public and Indian Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. This program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD's rent subsidy program provides housing assistance to low-income families so that they are able to lease "decent, safe, and sanitary" housing for specific eligible tenants. The rent paid by the tenant is a percentage of tenant gross income subject to a \$50 minimum; it cannot exceed the greater of the following amounts: (a) 30% of the family's adjusted monthly income, (b) 10% of the family's monthly income, or (c) the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover flat rent amount.

Public Housing Capital Fund Program:

The Public Housing Capital Fund was established under the Quality Housing & Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (QHWRA). Substantially all additions to land, structures and equipment are accomplished through these programs (included in the financial statements under PHA Owned Housing). These funds replace or materially upgrade deteriorated portions of existing Authority property. This fund is used for repairs, major replacements, upgrading and other non-routine maintenance work that needs to be done on the Authority's apartments to keep them clean, safe and in good condition.

Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program

Under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority administers contracts with independent landlords to provide housing to Section 8 tenants. The Authority subsidizes the tenant's rent through Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. This program is also administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides annual contributions funding to enable the Authority to structure a contract that sets the participants' rent at approximately 30% of household income subject to certain restrictions.

Resident Opportunity and Support Services – ROSS:

This program works to promote the development of local strategies to coordinate the use of assistance under the Public Housing program with public and private resources, for supportive services and resident empowerment activities. These services should enable participating families to increase earned income, reduce or eliminate the need for welfare assistance, make progress toward achieving economic independence and housing self-sufficiency, or, in the case of elderly or disabled residents, help improve living conditions and enable residents to age-in-place.

PIH -Family Self-Sufficiency Program:

The FSS program promotes local strategies that leverage public and private resources which enables HUD-assisted families to increase earned income and reduce the need for welfare assistance. FSS provides funds to Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) to support for the salaries of service coordinators, who connect participating families to an array of services provided by other State, city and local programs for job training, financial counseling and other supportive services.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

For the year ended September 30, 2022, individual program or grant budgets were prepared by the Authority and adopted by the Board of Commissioners. The budgets were primarily used as a management tool and have no legal stature. The budgets were prepared in accordance with the accounting procedures prescribed by the applicable funding agency.

The Authority submits its annual operating and capital budgets to the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs in accordance with New Jersey statute. After the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs approves the budget, it is formally adopted by resolution of the Housing Authority's Board of Commissioners. Once adopted, the Board of Commissioners may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and expenses. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line-item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source and expenditures are budgeted by expense classification within each revenue source.

NEW INITIATIVES

For the fiscal year 2022 the Housing Authority's primary focus has been on funding and accountability. As a public entity that derives approximately 91% percent of its revenue from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, (2021 was 92% percent), the Authority is constantly monitoring for any appropriation changes especially since it appears the nation is continuing an era of need for additional public assistance to help families meet the challenges of a very tumultuous economy.

The current administration of the Authority is determined to improve the financial results of the Authority's operations. The Authority has been exploring a Rental Assistance Application (RAD) which would involve converting current public housing units to a Section 8 platform. While this process takes time, the Authority has remained diligent in being proactive in regard to maintaining the condition of their buildings.

The Authority has made steady progress in various phases of the operations, all the while increasing the occupancy percentage in the public housing units and a high utilization rate in Housing Assistance Programs. Interactions with the residents are a constant reminder of the need of the services.

Regardless of the constraints (financial or regulatory) placed on this Housing Authority, the Authority will continuously look for ways to better provide or expand housing and housing assistance to qualified residents of the Town of Dover all the while being mindful of their responsibility to be good stewards of the public's tax dollars.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

1 - Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2022, was \$563,073 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and construction in progress. The total decrease during the year in the Authority's investment in capital assets was \$25,337 or 4% percent. Major capital expenditures of \$49,362 were made during the year. Major capital assets events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Boiler and Piping Upgrades
- Laundry Room Washing Machine Replacements
- Unit Appliance Replacements

]	ncrease
	Se	ptember-22	Se	eptember-21	(I	Decrease)
Land	\$	68,000	\$	68,000	\$	-
Building		3,548,459		3,429,099		119,360
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		263,141		263,141		-
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		160,361		160,361		1-1
Construction in Process		105,162		175,160		(69,998)
Total Fixed Assets		4,145,123		4,095,761		49,362
Accumulated Depreciation		(3,582,050)		(3,507,351)		(74,699)
Net Book Value	\$	563,073	\$	588,410	\$	(25,337)
					_	

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements, which is included in this report.

2 - Debt Administration

In 2007, The Authority participated in the New Jersey Pooled Leveraging Program. Through this financing of majority capital projects will be completed on an expedited basis. Restricted Cash relating to the bonded debt stood at \$203 at the end of the fiscal year, with Capital Project Bond payable of \$80,000 in outstanding debt. A full disclosure of loans payable on September 30, 2022, can be found in Note 16.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Housing Authority of Town of Dover is primarily dependent upon HUD for the funding of operations; therefore, the Housing Authority is affected more by Federal budget than by local economic conditions. Pressure on the federal budget will remain in the form of both record deficits and competing funding needs.

The capital budgets for the 2023 fiscal year have already been submitted to HUD for approval and no major changes are expected. The Capital fund programs are multiple year budgets and have remained relatively stable. Capital Funds are used for the modernization of public housing property including administrative fees involved in the modernization.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES -CONTINUED

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

- State of New Jersey economy including the impact on tenant income. Local inflationary, recessionary and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income. Tenant rental payments are based on tenant income.
- Continued increases in health care insurance are expected to impact employee benefits cost over the next several years.
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies and other cost.
- Converting Public and Indian Housing Program rental units into RAD subsidy units.
- Trends in the housing market which affect rental housing available for the Section 8 tenants, along with the amount of the rents charged by the private landlords, are expected to have a continued impact on Section 8 HAP payments.
- Even if HUD was fully funded for both the Operating and Capital Funds, it is unlikely that Congress would appropriate adequate funding. Pressure on the federal budget will remain in the form of both record deficits and competing funding needs.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Maria Tchinchinian, Executive Director, Housing Authority Town of Dover, 215 East Blackwell Street, Dover, NJ 07801, or call (973) 361-9444.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION -1 AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	September 30,				
		2022		2021	
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Operating	\$	1,298,000	\$	1,223,167	
Restricted		102,184		139,301	
Total cash and equivalents	1	1,400,184		1,362,468	
Accounts Receivables, Net of Allowances		102,714		15,912	
Prepaid Expenses		39,301		13,278	
Total Current Assets		1,542,199		1,391,658	
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets					
Land		68,000		68,000	
Building		3,548,459		3,429,099	
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		263,141		263,141	
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		160,361		160,361	
Construction in Progress	-	105,162		175,160	
Total Capital Assets		4,145,123		4,095,761	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(3,582,050)		(3,507,351)	
Net Book Value	-	563,073		588,410	
Other Assets					
Grants Receivable - Noncurrent		60,808		75,808	
Leases Receivable -Non Current		229,816		· -	
Total Other Assets		290,624		75,808	
Total Assets		2,395,896		2,055,876	
Deferred Outflow of Resources					
State of New Jersey - PERS		63,642		233,231	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	2,459,538	\$	2,289,107	

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION -2 AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

September 30,

	2022	 2021
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 51,361	\$ 43,543
Accrued Liabilities	4,308	 7,531
Tenant Security Deposit Payable	17,218	18,222
Unearned Revenue	3,201	3,108
Long Term Debt - Current	15,000	15,000
Total Current Liabilities	 91,088	 87,404
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long Term Debt - Noncurrent	65,000	80,000
Accrued Compensated Absences - Long-Term	23,881	30,576
Noncurrent Liabilities - Other	84,763	55,526
Accrued Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)	803,730	1,242,581
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 977,374	1,408,683
Total Liabilities	 1,068,462	 1,496,087
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
State of New Jersey P.E.R.S. and OPEB	1,163,420	1,081,258
Lease Revenue	205,292	-,,
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	1,368,712	1,081,258
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	483,073	493,410
Restricted	74,357	154,394
Unrestricted	(535,066)	(936,042)
Total Net Position	22,364	(288,238)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 2,459,538	\$ 2,289,107

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

Se	ptem	ber	30.
\sim	h corrr		o_{0}

		2022		2021
Revenue:		-		
Tenant Rental Revenue	\$	218,753	\$	216,021
HUD PHA Operating Grants		2,966,538		3,160,371
Fraud Recovery		5,344		1,279
Other Revenue		73,499		70,968
Total Revenue	-	3,264,134		3,448,639
Operating Expenses:		1		
Administrative Expense		334,295		276,347
Tenant Services		98,736		226,999
Utilities Expense		115,433		121,587
Maintenance Expense		112,907		113,128
Protective Services		2,499		6,253
Other Operating Expenses		109,953		99,326
Housing Assistance Payments		2,343,745		2,307,152
Depreciations Expense		74,699		63,514
Total Operating Expenses		3,192,267	****	3,214,306
Excess Revenue From Operations		71,867		234,333
Non Operating Income and (Expenses):				
Investment Income		10,072	9	10,703
Extraordinary Maintenance		(37,482)		=
Total Non Operating (Expense) Income		(27,410)		10,703
Excess Revenue Before Capital Contributions		44,457		245,036
Capital Grant Contributions		54,325		61,979
Change in Net Position		98,782		307,015
Beginning Net Position		(288,238)		(820,171)
Prior Period Adjustment		211,820		224,918
Beginning Net Position - Restated		(76,418)		(595,253)
Ending Net Position	\$	22,364	\$	(288,238)

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - 1 FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

September 30, 2022 2021 Cash Flow From Operating Activities Receipts from Tenants \$ 218,412 \$ 216,021 Receipts from Federal Grants 2,934,200 3,164,192 Receipts from Fraud Recovery 5,344 1,279 Receipts from Misc. Sources 50,486 92,855 Payments to Vendors and Suppliers (478,460)(1,022,212)Housing Assistance Payments (2,343,745)(2,307,152)Payments to Employees (257,448)(180,553)Payment of Employee Benefits (49,626)(94,682)Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities (130, 252)79,163 Cash Flow From Capital and Related Financing Activities Receipts from Capital Grants 54,325 61,979 Acquisitions and Construction of Capital Assets (49, 362)(96,964)Payment of Extraordinary Maintenance (37,482)Receipt in Capital Project Bonds Receivable 15,000 15,000 Payment of Debt (15,000)(15,000)Lease Receivable - Non Current (229,816)Prior Period Adjustment 211,820 224,918 Net Cash (Used) Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities (50,515)189,933 Cash Flow From Investing Activities Interest Income 10,072 10,703 (Decrease) Increase of Tenant Security Deposit (1,004)1,111 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 9,068 11,814 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 37,716 71,495 Beginning Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash 1,362,468 1,290,973 Ending Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash \$ 1,400,184 \$ 1,362,468 Reconciliation of Cash Balances:

\$

\$

1,298,000

1,400,184

102,184

\$

\$

1,223,167

139,301

1,362,468

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted

Total Ending Cash

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - 2 FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Septen	mber 30,		
	2022		2021	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Excess Revenue Adjustments to reconcile excess revenue to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 71,867	\$	234,333	
Depreciation Expense	74,699		63,514	
(Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivables Prepaid Expenses Deferred Outflow of Resources	(86,802) (26,023) 169,589		21,628 28,872 (52,724)	
Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Other Liabilities - Noncurrent Unearned Revenue Accrued Compensated Absences - Noncurrent OPEB and Pension Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Cash (Used) Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 7,818 (3,223) 29,237 93 (6,695) (438,851) 287,454 79,163	\$	3,875 1,777 11,149 (266,000) (702) (16,390) (159,584) (130,252)	
Supplementary information Interest Expense Paid during the Year	\$ 4,720	\$	5,158	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION, ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization - The Authority is a governmental, public corporation which was organized under the public corporation law created under federal and state housing law as defined by State statute (N.J., S.A. 40A:12A-1 et al the Housing Authority Act) for the purpose of engaging in the development, acquisition and administrative activities of the low-income housing program and other programs with similar objectives for low and moderate income families residing in the Town of Dover in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners which is essentially autonomous but is responsible to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs. An Executive Director is appointed by the Housing Authority's Board to manage the day-to-day operations of the Authority. The Authority is responsible for the development, maintenance, and management of public housing for low- and moderate-income families residing in the Town of Dover. Operating and modernization subsidies are provided to the Authority by the federal government.

The financial statements include all the accounts of the Authority. The Authority is the lowest level of government over which the Authority's Board of Commissioners and Executive Director exercise oversight responsibility. The Authority is not included in any governmental "reporting entity" since its board members; while they are appointed primarily by the Mayor of Dover and Town Council, the Board of Commissioners have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary responsibility for accounting and fiscal matters. The Authority has also concluded that it is excluded from the Town of Dover reporting entity.

The Authority's financial statements include the accounts of all the Authority's operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Authority's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the Authority holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Authority appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Authority is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Authority
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Authority

Based on the following criteria, the Authority has not identified any entities which should be subject to evaluation for inclusion in the Authority's reporting entity.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Significant Accounting Policies

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources. The Authority has determined that the applicable measurement focus (flow of economic resources) and accounting basis (accrual) is similar to that of a commercial enterprise. As such, the use of proprietary funds best reflects the activities of the Authority.

The Authority has adopted GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. The Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for non-exchange transactions including financial or capital resources. The Authority's primary source of non-exchange revenue relates to grants and subsidies. Grant and subsidy revenue are recognized at the time eligible program expenditures occur and/or the Authority has complied with the grant and subsidy requirements.

The Authority participates in the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which is sponsored and administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. It is a cost sharing, multiple employers defined benefit pension plan. PERS was established in January 1955 under the provision of NJ SA 43:15A to provide coverage, including post-retirement health care, for substantially all full-time employees of the state, its counties, municipalities, school districts or public agencies, provided the employee is not a member of another state administered retirement system.

The Authority adopted in October 2021, GASB Statement No. 87, Accounting for Leases. This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease receivables and liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements.

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Basis of Accounting -Continued

Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. This requires the Housing Authority to account for operations in a manner like private business or where the Board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Revenue Recognition

The major sources of income for the Authority are HUD operating subsidies, rental payments from tenants, and other sources such as miscellaneous fees, laundry income, small grant income, cell phone tower rental income, and HAP portability payments. The Authority recognizes short-term rental income from tenants who have signed a lease agreement for less than one year, in accordance with HUD guidelines. The Authority considers both rental income and subsidies to be exempt from compliance with ASC 606 as they are covered under current and future lease standards. However, tenant reimbursements for costs like utilities, which are based on consumption, are subject to ASC 606 and recognized as revenue when incurred. Additionally, the Authority also generates revenue from miscellaneous fees, portability payments, small grant income, cell phone tower rental income all of which are considered integral to the primary operations and are recognized as revenue at the time they are received.

The Authority provides housing assistance payments to participating owners on behalf of eligible tenants. The Authority also provides provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing for extremely low and very low-income families. The revenue is recorded as earned since it is measurable and available.

Non-operating revenue and expenses consist of revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Tenants dwelling rental charges are determined and billed monthly and are recognized as revenue when assessed because they are measurable and are collectible within the current period. The amounts not received by September 30, are accounts receivable and any amounts received for subsequent period are recorded as deferred revenue.

HUD's rent subsidy program provides housing to low-income families so that they are able to lease "decent, safe, and sanitary" housing for specific eligible tenants. The rent paid by the tenant is a percentage of tenant gross income subject to a \$50 minimum; it cannot exceed the greater of the following amounts:

- (a) 30% of the family's adjusted monthly income,
- (b) 10% of the family's monthly income, or
- (c) Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's flat rent amount.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Report Presentation -

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to enterprise funds of State and Local Governments on a going concern basis. The focus of enterprise funds is the measurement of economic resources, that is, the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 (as amended), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments ("Statement"). The Statement requires the basic financial statements to be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and requires the presentation of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement also requires the Authority to include Management's Discussion and Analysis as part of Required Supplementary Information.

The federally funded programs administered by the Authority are detailed in the Financial Data Schedule and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; both are which are included as Supplemental information.

Other accounting policies are as follows:

- 1 Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market. The Authority considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- 2 Collection losses on accounts receivable are charged against an allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established, as necessary, based on past experience and other factors which, in management's judgment, deserve current recognition in estimating bad debts.
- 3 Buildings and equipment are recorded at cost for all programs and depreciation is computed on the straight line basis.
- 4 Repairs funded out of operations, such as painting, roofing and plumbing, are charged against income for all programs.
- 5 Operating subsidies received from HUD are recorded as income when earned.
- 6 The cost of accumulated unpaid compensated absences, including fringe benefits, is reported in the period earned rather than in the period paid.
- 7 Prepaid expenses represent payments made by the Authority in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Other accounting policies - Continued

- 8 The Authority does not have any infrastructure assets for its Enterprise Fund.
- 9 Inter-fund receivable and payables arise from inter-fund transactions and are recorded by all funds in the period in which the transactions are executed.
- 10- Advertising cost is charged to expense when incurred.
- 11- When expenses are incurred where both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available the Authority will first use the restricted funds until they are exhausted and then the unrestricted net position will be used.
- 12- Costs related to environmental remediation are charged to expense. Other environmental costs are also charged to expense unless they increase the value of the property and/or provide future economic benefits, in which event they are capitalized. Liabilities are recognized when the expenditures are considered probable and can be reasonably estimated. Measurement of liabilities is based on currently enacted laws and regulations, existing technology, and undiscounted site-specific costs. Generally, such recognition coincides with the Authority's commitment to a formal plan of action.
- 13- Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Authority, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Authority's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Authority or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Authority's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Authority's financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potentially material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss if determinable and material, would be disclosed. Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the nature of the guarantee would be disclosed.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Other accounting policies - Continued

14 - Taxes

The Authority operates as defined by the Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and is exempt from income taxes under Section 115.

Under federal, state, and local law, the Authority's program is exempt from income, property and excise taxes. However, the Authority is required to make payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT) for the low-income housing program in accordance with the provision of a Cooperation Agreement. Under the Cooperation Agreement, the Authority pay the municipality a 10% of its net shelter rent.

15 - Net Position

In accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 34 ("Statement 34") of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments", the Authority has classified its net position into three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), granters, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Other accounting policies - Continued

16 - Operating and non-operating revenues and expenses

The major sources of revenue are HUD operating subsidies, tenants dwelling rents, and other revenue. Other revenue composed primarily of miscellaneous fees from the tenant, laundry income, small grant income, cell phone tower income, and HAP portability payments that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital and related financing or investing activities.

Operating expenses include wages, utilities, maintenance, depreciation of capital assets, administrative expenses and all other expenses relating to the provision of safe, decent and affordable housing services that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital and related financing or investing activities.

Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses

Authority's nonoperating revenues relate primarily to capital grants provided by HUD and interest income. For reporting purposes, capital grant revenue is recognized when expenditures are incurred, and advance receipts are initially recorded as unearned revenue. Nonoperating expenses are expenditures derived from transactions other than those associated with the Authority's primary housing operations and are reported as incurred.

17-Impairment Losses

The Authority reviews its investment in real estate for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such property may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the real estate to the future net undiscounted cash flow expected to be generated by the rental property including any estimated proceeds from the eventual disposition of the real estate. If the real estate is considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured at the amount by which the carrying amount of the real estate exceeds the fair value of such property. No impairment losses were recognized in 2022 nor 2021.

18- Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Authority has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect and that may impact its financial statements. The Authority does not believe that there are any new accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Revenue from Rental Contracts

The Authority recognizes rental revenue from tenant(s) who entered into a lease agreement (contract) for a unit in the development. The lease agreement allows the tenant use of the unit the expiration of the lease term or cancellation by the tenant or landlord due to cause. Lease terms are for one year, unless mutually agreed to by the landlord and the tenant(s) prior to move in. Tenant(s) have to be income qualified in accordance with income limitations before allowed to occupy unit.

The lease agreement has similar terms therefore, all lease contract revenue has been aggregated in the caption rental revenue in the statement of income. The lease contract revenue is recognized at the end of each month when the performance obligation of providing a unit is complete. The performance obligation each month also includes applicable maintenance services provided to maintain the tenant(s) unit and the buildings(s). Since the performance of these services are completed simultaneously each month, they are treated as performance obligation.

Tenant(s) lease payments are due the first day of each month of the lease term. The monthly unit rental charge is determined based on HUD calculation. Any tenant(s) rental payment not received by the fifth day of each month will be charged a late fee. Any rental payment received in advance of the first day of the month are recognized as deferred revenue since the conditions for recognizing revenue will not occur until the end of the following month.

Budgetary and Policy Control -

The Authority submits its annual operating subsidy forms and capital budgets to HUD. The Authority also submits its annual operating and capital budgets to the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs in accordance with New Jersey statute. After the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs approves the budget, it is formally adopted by resolution of the Housing Authority's Board of Commissioners. Once adopted, the Board of Commissioners may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and expenses. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source and expenditures are budgeted by expense classification within each revenue source.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Activities - The programs administered by the Authority were:

			Units
Program	CFDA #	Project #	Authorized
Public Housing			
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	NJ-63	59
Capital Fund	14.872		
ROSS Grant	14.870		
PIH - FSS Program	14.896		
Section 8 Housing			
Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	NJ-39V0-68	248

Public and Indian Housing

Under the Public and Indian Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. This program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD's rent subsidy program provides housing assistance to low-income families so that they can lease "decent, safe, and sanitary" housing for specific eligible tenants. The rent paid by the tenant is a percentage of tenant gross income subject to a \$50 minimum; it cannot exceed the greater of the following amounts: (a) 30% of the family's adjusted monthly income, (b) 10% of the family's monthly income, or (c) the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover flat rent amount.

Public Housing Capital Fund Program:

The Public Housing Capital Fund was established under the Quality Housing & Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (QHWRA). Substantially all additions to land, structures and equipment are accomplished through these programs (included in the financial statements under PHA Owned Housing). These funds replace or materially upgrade deteriorated portions of existing Authority property. This fund is used for repairs, major replacements, upgrading and other non-routine maintenance work that needs to be done on the Authority's apartments to keep them clean, safe and in good condition.

Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program

Under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority administers contracts with independent landlords to provide housing to Section 8 tenants. The Authority subsidizes the tenant's rent through Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. This program is also administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides annual contributions funding to enable the Authority to structure a contract that sets the participants' rent at approximately 30% of household income subject to certain restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

Activities - Continued

Resident Opportunity and Support Services - ROSS:

This program works to promote the development of local strategies to coordinate the use of assistance under the Public Housing program with public and private resources, for supportive services and resident empowerment activities. These services should enable participating families to increase earned income, reduce or eliminate the need for welfare assistance, make progress toward achieving economic independence and housing self-sufficiency, or, in the case of elderly or disabled residents, help improve living conditions and enable residents to age-in-place.

PIH -Family Self-Sufficiency Program:

The FSS program promotes local strategies that leverage public and private resources which enables HUD-assisted families to increase earned income and reduce the need for welfare assistance. FSS provides funds to Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) to support for the salaries of service coordinators, who connect participating families to an array of services provided by other State, city and local programs for job training, financial counseling, and other supportive services.

Board of Commissioners - The criteria used in determining the scope of the entity for financial reporting purposes are as follows:

- 1. The ability of the Board to exercise supervision of a component unit's financial independence.
- 2. The Board's governing authority extends to financial decision-making authority and is held primarily accountable for decisions.
- 3. The Board appoints the management of the Authority who is responsible for the day-to-day operations and this management are directly accountable to the Board.
- 4. The ability of the Board to significantly influence operations through budgetary approvals, signing and authorizing contracts, exercising control over facilities, and approving the hiring or retention of key managerial personnel.
- 5. The ability of the Board to have absolute authority over all funds of the Authority and have accountability in fiscal matters.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 2 - ESTIMATES

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenue and expenses during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectibility of accounts receivable, the use, and recoverability of inventory, and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly given that the COVID-19 pandemic continues to create financial uncertainty throughout the economy. The most significant estimates included in the preparation of the financial statements are allowance for doubtful accounts and estimated fixed asset lives.

NOTE 3 - PENSION PLAN

The Authority participates in the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which is sponsored and administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. It is a cost sharing, multiple employers defined benefit pension plan. PERS was established in January 1955 under the provision of NJ SA 43:15A to provide coverage, including post-retirement health care, for substantially all full-time employees of the state, its counties, municipalities, school districts or public agencies, provided the employee is not a member of another state administered retirement system.

Membership is mandatory for such employees. Contributions to the plan are made by both the employee and the Authority. Required employee contributions to the system are based on a flat rate determined by the New Jersey Division of Pensions for active plan members. Benefits paid to retired employees are based on length of service, latest earnings, and veteran status. Authority contributions to the system are determined by PERS and are billed annually to the Authority.

The State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issued publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0925. On the web: http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/pdf/financial/2016divisioncombined.pdf

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 3 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Funding Policy

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A, Chapter 62, P.L. of 1994 and Chapter 115, P.L. of 1998, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. Employer's contributions are actuarially determined annually by the Division of Pensions. Employee contributions are currently 7.50% of base wages.

The annual employer contribution includes funding for basic retirement allowances, cost-of-living adjustments, the cost of medical premiums after retirement for qualified retirees, and noncontributory death benefits. The Authority's contribution for 2022 amounted to \$27,338 and \$25,109 for 2021.

Post Employment Retirement Benefits

The Authority provides post employment health care benefits and life insurance for its eligible retirees. Eligibility requires that employees be 55 years or older with various years of service.

Further information on the Pension Plan and its effects of GASB #68 can be found in Note 19 - Accrued Pension Liability.

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Authority's cash, cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market. Cash, cash equivalents and investment include cash in banks, petty cash and a money market checking account and certificates of deposit, and other investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of purchase. For the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at time of purchase.

Concentration of Credit Risk

HUD requires housing authorities to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, Certificates of Deposit, or any other federally insured investment. HUD also requires that deposits be fully always collateralized. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC/FSLIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Pursuant to HUD restrictions, obligations of the United States are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the Authority or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the Authority. These funds at various banks are collateral pledge under the New Jersey Government Code of the Banking Law.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED Risk Disclosures

Collateral for Deposits

New Jersey Authorities are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or State of New Jersey or the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of securities which may be purchased by New Jersey Authorities. The Authority is required to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Authority's investment policy limits the Authority's investment portfolio to maturities not to exceed two years at time of purchase. On September 30, 2022, and 2021, the Authority's deposits and investments were not limited and all of which are either available on demand or have maturities of less than two years.

Credit Risk

This is risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The Authority's investment policy is that none of its total portfolio may be invested in securities of any single issuer, other than the US Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities.

The Authority's checking accounts and investments are categorized to give indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the Authority. Custodial credit risk is the risk in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The custodial credit risk categories are described as follows:

Depository Accounts	September-22		Se	eptember-21
Insured	\$	250,253	\$	250,221
Collateralized held by pledging bank's				
trust department in the Authority's name		1,149,931		1,112,247
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents	\$	1,400,184	\$	1,362,468

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED Restricted Cash

The Authority has total noncurrent restricted cash on September 30, 2022, and 2021 which consists of the following:

	Sep	tember-22	Se	ptember-21
CFP Leveraging	\$	203	\$	171
Tenant Security Deposit		17,218		18,222
HCV HAP Reserves		-		65,382
FSS Escrow		84,763		55,526
Total Restricted Cash	\$	102,184	\$	139,301

The restricted cash in the amount of \$-0- for 2022 and \$65,382 was reported under the Housing Choice Voucher Program as a HAP reserve for future use. The Authority invested these funds with Bank of America. In accordance with HUD's PIH Notice 2007-03, the reserve fund balance may only be used to assist additional families up to the number of units under contract.

The tenant security deposit restricted cash on September 30, 2022, was in the amount of \$17,218 and \$18,222 for 2021. This amount is held as security deposits for the tenants of the Public and Indian Housing Program in an interest-bearing account.

The Authority under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program is administering a Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) program. An interest-bearing FSS escrow account is established by the PHA for each participating family, the cash account balance on September 30, 2022, is \$84,763 and \$55,526 for 2021.

Investments

The Authority's investments on September 30, 2022, included the following:

Investment	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	F	air Value
Muni Money Market Account	Upon Demand	0.25%	\$	338,160

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts Receivable on September 30, 2022, and 2021 consisted of the following:

	September-22		Sep	otember-21
Morris County Grant Receivable	\$	23,666	\$	653
Account Receivavble - Tenant		341		
Capital Fund Receivable from HUD		32,597		259
Cell Phone Tower Lease Receivable		31,110		=
Debt Leveraging Receivable		15,000		15,000
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	102,714	\$	15,912

Tenant rents are due on the first day of each month. If a rent payment is not received by the 5th day of the month, it is considered past due and late fees are applied. The Authority records its accounts receivable at cost minus an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is established as needed based on factors such as historical collection experience, the current state of accounts receivable, economic conditions, and other considerations. This process involves assessing the creditworthiness of individual tenants and the portfolio as a whole. The determination of the collectability of amounts due requires the Authority to make judgments about future events and trends. The increase in the allowance for doubtful accounts is mainly due to the economic impact of COVID-19, as reflected in bad debt expenses. Management continually monitors tenant payment patterns, investigates past-due accounts, and stays informed of industry and economic trends to estimate the necessary allowances.

NOTE 6 - PREPAID EXPENSES

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. All purchases of insurance premiums are written off monthly. Acquisition of materials and supplies are accounted for on the consumption method, that is, the expenses are charged when the items are consumed. Prepaid expenses on September 30, 2022, and 2021 consisted of the following:

	Sep	tember-22	Sep	tember-21
Prepaid Insurance	\$	32,530	\$	8,502
Prepaid Expense - Software		842		660
Prepaid Health Insurance		5,929		4,116
Total Prepaid Expenses	\$	39,301	\$	13,278

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund activity is reported as short-term loans, services provided during operations, reimbursements, or transfers. Short term loans are reported as interfund short term receivables and payable as appropriate. The amounts between the various programs administered by the Authority on September 30, 2022, are detailed on the Financial Data Schedule of this report. Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets consist primarily of expenditures to acquire, construct, place in operations, and improve the facilities of the Authority and are stated by an appraisal value.

Expenditures for repairs, maintenance and minor renewals are charged against income in the year they are incurred. Major renewals and betterment are capitalized. Expenditures are capitalized when they meet the Capitalization Policy requirements. Under the policy, assets purchased or constructed at a cost not exceeding \$5,000 are expensed when incurred. Donated fixed assets are stated at their fair value on the date donated.

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense for the primary government for the period ended September 30, 2022, was \$74,699 and \$63,513 for 2021. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

1. Building and Structure	40 years
2. Office Improvements	7 years
3. Site Improvements	15 years
4. Building Components	15 years
5. Office Equipment	5 years

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover reviews its rental property for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances Indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. When recovery s reviewed, if the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by the property are less than it carrying amount, management compares the carrying amount of the property to its fair value in order to determine whether an impairment loss has occurred. The amount of impairment loss is equal to the excess of the asset's carrying value over its estimated fair value. No Impairment loss has been recognized during the year ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS - CONTINUED

Below is a schedule of changes in fixed assets for the twelve months ending September 30, 2022, and 2021:

	_Se	ptember-21	Α	dditions	,	Transfer	S	eptember-22
Land	\$	68,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	68,000
Building		3,429,099		-		119,360		3,548,459
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		263,141		=		-		263,141
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		160,361		-		-		160,361
Construction in Process		175,160		49,362		(119,360)		105,162
Total Fixed Assets		4,095,761		49,362		-		4,145,123
Accumulated Depreciation		(3,507,351)		(74,699)		-		(3,582,050)
Net Book Value	\$	588,410	\$	(25,337)	\$	-	\$	563,073
	Se	ptember-20	A	dditions	7	Transfer	Se	ptember-21
Land	\$	68,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	68,000
Building		3,351,538		-		77,561		3,429,099
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		258,781		-		4,360		263,141
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		136,911		27,810		(4,360)		160,361
Construction in Process		183,567		69,154		(77,561)		175,160
Total Fixed Assets		3,998,797		96,964		-		4,095,761
Accumulated Depreciation		(3,443,838)		(63,513)		-		(3,507,351)
Net Book Value	\$	554,959	\$	33,451	\$	-	\$	588,410

Below is a schedule of the net book value of the fixed assets for the Authority as of September 30, 2022:

Net Book Value	Sep	tember-22
Land	\$	68,000
Building		319,092
Furniture, Equipment - Dwelling		-
Furniture, Equipment - Administration		70,819
Construction in Process		105,162
Net Book Value	\$	563,073

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 9 - GRANTS RECEIVABLE - NON-CURRENT

The Authority participated on August 2, 2007, with other New Jersey Housing Authorities in the issuance of \$18,585,000 in Series 2007 HMFA Bonds. The Authority portion of the Series 2007 HMFA Bonds was \$235,000. The Authority received a net amount of \$235,000. The funds received were deposited with the Wells Fargo Bank which is acting as the Trustee. The Trustee may only draw funds from HUD E-LOCCS for repayment of debt and related interest.

The amount of HUD future CFP State Leveraging Program funds receivables as of September 30, 2022, and 2021 is as follows:

	Sep	September-22		tember-21
HUD CFP Future Funds Receivable	\$	75,808	\$	90,808
Less Current Receivable		(15,000)		(15,000)
Net of Grant Receivable	\$	60,808	\$	75,808

NOTE 10 - LEASE RECEIVABLE

The Authority entered into a lease in May 2005 to rent roof top space for cell phone tower for 300 months. The lease receivable is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at a discount rate of 3%. In fiscal year 2022, the Authority recognized \$30,192 of lease revenue.

Future minimum lease receivable under operating leases as of September 30, 2022, are as follows

Total Lease Receivable	\$ 260,926
Thereafter	 95,620
Subtotal	 165,306
September-27	35,072
September-26	34,036
September-25	33,032
September-24	32,056
September-23	\$ 31,110

Deferred inflow, \$205,292 of lease receivable payments refers to the recognition of lease payments that have not been received and not earned. The amount is recorded as deferred revenue and is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease. The deferred revenue is amortized over a straight-line method with an equal portion of revenue being recognized in each year.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow is an outflow of resources, which is a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to the reporting period. A deferred inflow is an inflow of resources, which is an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to the reporting period.

The OPEB and Pension Liability discussed in Note 18 and 19 resulted in the Authority incurring deferred outflows and inflows. The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors, when the actuary calculated the net pension liability, is amortized over a five-year closed period for PERS, reflecting the average remaining service life of members (active and inactive members), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources	 OPEB	Pension		Total
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences Changes in Assumptions	\$ - 28,066	\$ 4,361 1,440	\$	4,361 29,506
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earning on Pension Plan Investments	_	-		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		00 555		00 555
	 	 29,775		29,775
Total	\$ 28,066	\$ 35,576	\$	63,642
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences Between Expected and Actual	 OPEB	 Pension	ф.	Total
	\$ OPEB - 990,142	\$ Pension 1,980 98,450	\$	Total 1,980 1,088,592
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences	\$ -	\$ 1,980	\$	1,980
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences Changes in Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	\$ -	\$ 1,980 98,450	\$	1,980 1,088,592
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences Changes in Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earning on Pension Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions and Proportionate Share of	\$ -	\$ 1,980 98,450	\$	1,980 1,088,592

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES-CONTINUED Difference in Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience about economic and demographic factors is amortized over a five-year closed period reflecting the average remaining service life of the plan members (active and inactive), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The collective amount of the difference between expected and actual experience for the fiscal year is \$4,361 and \$1,980.

Changes in Assumptions

The change in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs is amortized over a five-year closed period, reflecting the average remaining service life of the plan members (active and inactive members), respectively. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The collective amount of the difference between expected and actual experience for the fiscal year is \$29,506 and \$1,088,592.

<u>Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investments Earnings on Pension Plan</u> <u>Investments</u>

The difference between the System's expected rate of return of and the actual investment earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period in accordance with GASB 68. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as either a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The collective amount of the difference between expected and actual experience for the fiscal year is \$-0- and \$72,848.

<u>Changes in Proportion and Differences between Contributions and Proportionate Share</u> of Contributions

The change in employer proportionate share is the amount of difference between the employer proportionate shares of net pension liability in the prior year compared to the current year. The difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions is the difference between the total amount of employer contributions and the amount of the proportionate share of employer contributions. The change in proportionate share and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions is amortized over a six-year closed period for PERS, reflecting the average remaining service life of PERS members (active and inactive members), respectively. The changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions for the fiscal year are \$29,775 and \$-0-.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 12 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

The Authority reported accounts payable on its Statements of Net Position. Accounts payable vendors are amount owing to creditors because of delivered goods and completed services. The Authority accounts payable on September 30, 2022, and 2021 consisted of the following:

	Sep	September-22		tember-21
Accounts Payable Vendors	\$	21,608	\$	24,122
Accounts Payable - Other Government		29,753	_	19,421
Total Accounts Payable	\$	51,361	\$	43,543

NOTE 13 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - OTHER GOVERNMENT (PILOT PAYABLE)

Under Federal, State, and local law, the Authority's programs are exempt from income, property, and excise taxes. However, the Authority is required to make a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) for the PHA Owned Program in accordance with the provisions of its Cooperation Agreement with the Town of Dover. Under the Cooperation Agreements, the Authority must pay the municipality 10% of its net shelter rent for real property taxes. PILOT payable on September 30, 2022. The PILOT expense for the period ending September 30, 2022, in the amount of \$10,332 and PILOT expense of \$9,443 for 2021.

NOTE 14 - ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses are Authority expenses that have been incurred but not yet paid. These expenses are recognized in the financial statements before payment has actually been made, and typically refer to items such as salaries, interest, and taxes. Accrued expenses on September 30, 2022, and 2021 consisted of the following:

	September-22		Sep	tember-21
Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$	2,654	\$	3,397
Accrued Interest Payable		1,654		1,967
Accrued Wages Payable	-	_		2,167
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$	4,308	\$	7,531

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 15 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are those for which employees will be paid, such as vacation and sick leave. A liability for compensated absences that is attributable to services already rendered and that is not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Authority will be accounted for in the period in which such services were rendered.

Unused sick leave may be carried to future periods and used in the event of extended illness. In the event of retirement, an employee is compensated for unused vacation days with a maximum amount of forty percent (40%) of gross pay under the current personnel policy. Generally, unused vacation may be carried over for a twenty-four-month period and then must be used. In the event of separation from the Authority, the employee is eligible for compensation for any unused allowed vacation time earned in the year of separation.

For September 30, 2022, and 2021, the Authority has determined that the potential liability for accumulated vacation time, sick leave, and terminal pay to be as follows:

	September-22		Sej	otember-21
Accumulated Sick Time	\$	18,474	\$	17,440
Accumulated Vacation Time		6,175		14,119
Accrued Payroll Taxes		1,886		2,414
Total		26,535	2	33,973
Compensated Absences - Current Portion	-	(2,654)		(3,397)
Total Compensated Absences - Noncurrent	\$	23,881	\$	30,576

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 16 - LONG TERM DEBT - STATE LEVERAGING CAPITAL PROJECT BOND

The Authority participated on August 2, 2007, with other New Jersey Housing Authorities in the issuance of \$18,585,000 in Series 2007 HMFA Bonds. The Authority portion of the Series 2007 HMFA Bonds is \$235,000. The purpose of the Bonds is restricted. The proceeds from the Bonds must be used in the renovations and capital improvements to the Authority assets in the Low-Income Housing Program. The Bonds are fully registered in denominations of \$5,000. The term of the Bonds is twenty (20) years expiring on November 1, 2027.

The faith and credit of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover was not pledged for payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. Additionally, the Bonds are not an obligation of the State of New Jersey, The United States, or the Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Bonds are not secured directly or indirectly by any collateral in the Authority Low Income Housing Program. Interest on the Bonds is payable on May 1 and November 1 commencing on May 1, 2008. The interest is calculated on a basis of three hundred sixty (360) day year of twelve (12) thirty (30) day month. The interest payable for November 1, 2022, is \$1,985.

The Bonds are payable and secured by the Authority Capital Fund Program (CFP), which is subject to the availability of appropriations, and paid to the Authority by HUD.

Under the Bond Agreement, the Authority is required to maintain a Debt Service Reserve Fund located at the Wells Fargo Bank, an amount equal to the debt service reserve fund requirement. If at any time, the amount on deposit in the debt service reserve fund is insufficient to pay the principal and interest when due, the Trustee is authorized to withdraw the amount due from the reserve fund.

On September 30, 2022, the Authority has one (1) note payable. They consist of the following:

						(Current
	Balance			Е	Balance]	Portion
	September-21	į	Payments	Sept	ember-22	Sep	tember-22
Capital Leveraging Fund	\$ 95,000) \$	(15,000)	\$	80,000	\$	15,000

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 16 - LONG TERM DEBT - STATE LEVERAGING CAPITAL PROJECT BOND - CONTINUED

The debt requirements as to principal reduction of the mortgages for long term debt until exhausted are as follows:

September 30, 2023	\$ 15,000
September 30, 2024	20,000
September 30, 2025	20,000
September 30, 2026	25,000
Total Capital Project Bonds	\$ 80,000

NOTE 17 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITY - FSS ESCROW PAYABLE

The Authority under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program is administering a Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) program. An interest-bearing FSS escrow account is established by the PHA for each participating family. An escrow credit, based on increases in earned income of the family, is credited to this account by the PHA during the term of the FSS contract. The PHA may make a portion of this escrow account available to the family during the term of the contract to enable the family to complete an interim goal such as education. If the family completes the contract and no member of the family is receiving welfare, the amount of the FSS account is paid to the head of the family. If the PHA terminates the FSS contract, or if the family fails to complete the contract before its expiration, the family's FSS escrow funds are forfeited. The bank account balance on September 30, 2022, is \$84,763 and \$55,526 for 2021.

NOTE 18 - ACCRUED PENSION AND OPEB LIABILITIES

The Authority as of September 30, 2022, and 2021 reported accrued pension and OPEB liability amounts as follows:

	September-22		Se	ptember-21
Accrued OPEB Liability	\$	527,191	\$	868,284
Accrued Pension Liability		276,539		374,297
Total OPEB and Pension Liabilities	\$	803,730	\$	1,242,581

These amounts arose due to adoption of GASB #75 in 2017 year as well as GASB #68 which was adopted in 2015 year. This note will discuss the liability associated with GASB #75, which is accrued other postemployment benefits. Note - 19 will discuss the effect of GASB #68 and the liability which arose from that.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 18 -OPEB LIABILITIES - CONTINUED OPEB Liability - Plan Description and Benefits Provided

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Authority administers a single-employer defined-benefit post-employment healthcare plan. Spouses are eligible for coverage under the plan and benefits may continue to the surviving spouses.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: Retirees, that are vested, are eligible for post-employment medical benefits, including prescription drug benefits, as part of the medical plan on a fully insured basis through New Jersey State Health Benefits Program. Employee will pay Medicare Part B premium and reimbursed by Authority. Dental coverage and vision coverage are also provided to retirees. All coverages are 100% subsidized by the Authority.

<u>Assets</u>: The Authority has not accumulated plan assets in an irrevocable trust designated for plan participants.

<u>Employees covered by benefits terms</u>: On September 30, 2022 (the census date), the following employees were covered by the benefits terms:

Retired Employees Receiving Benefits	2
Active Employees	2
Total Employees	4

Net OPEB Liability

The Authority's net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

	_Sep	tember-22	Se	ptember-21
Employer Total OPEB Liability	\$	527,191	\$	868,284
Plan Net Position		_		·
Employer Net OPEB Liability	\$	527,191	\$	868,284

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 18 - OPEB LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB Liability on September 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all period included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified, the prior year discount rate was 2.29%.

Discount Rate:	4.59%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Assets	Not valued since benefit is unfunded
Information for Valuation	All information provided by Authority
	Employees that retire are eleigible for subsidized
Covered Benefits	postemployement medical, including prescription
Covered Bellents	drug coverage. Benefits are provided for dental,
	vision, and Medicare Part B premium
	Medical, including prescription drugs, are fully
Insurance Coverage and Funding Basis	insured through the NJ State Health Benefits
	Program for Local Government Employer Groups.
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
	Valuation is based on NJ Public Employees'
Retirement System	Retirement System (PERS). Decrement tables
Retirement System	used in this valuation are form the July 1, 2019
	Annual Report of the Actuary.
	MP 2021 Healthy Male and Femal Tables are base
	don the Combined Healthy Table for both pre &
Mortality	post reitrement projected with mortality
	improvements using Projection Scale AA for 2
	years plus 7 years for generational improvement.

Change in Assumptions: Effective September 30, 2022.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability:

Balance as of October 1, 2021	_\$	868,284
<u>Changes For the Year</u> Service Cost		11,900
Interest		39,274
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs		(366,988)
Benefit Payments		(25,279)
Net Changes		(341,093)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	527,191

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 18 - OPEB LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

<u>Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.59%) or one percentage point higher (5.59%) than the current discount rate:

	<u>Discount Rate Sensitivity</u>					
	19	% Decrease	Cı	ırrent Rate	19	% Increase
		3.59%		4.59%		5.59%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	615,592	\$	527,191	\$	457,333

<u>Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates</u>: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	_H	<u>lealthcare (</u>	Cost	t Inflation Ra	te So	<u>ensitivity</u>
	_1%	Decrease		Current	19	% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	444,648	\$	527,191	\$	636,424

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority recognized an OPEB expense of \$51,174. As of September 30, 2022, the Authority reports a deferred outflow of resources of \$26,066 and deferred inflows of resources of \$990,142 in relation to OPEB.

NOTE 19 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY

Net Pension Liability Information

The Authority as of September 30, 2022, reported a net pension liability in the amount of \$276,539 due to GASB #68. The component of the current year net pension liability of the Authority as of June 30, 2021, the last evaluation date, is as follows:

	PERS
Employer Total Pension Liability	\$ 942,135
Plan Net Position	 (665,596)
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$ 276,539

DEDO

The Authority allocation percentage is 0.0023343541% as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 19 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

Plan Description

The Authority participates in the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which is sponsored and administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division).

For additional information about PERS, please refer to Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

Net Pension Liability Information

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The Authority participates in the State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS).

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

- 1) Tier 1 Members who enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2) Tier 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3) Tier 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4) Tier 4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5) Tier 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability.

The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 19 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

Allocation Percentage Methodology

Although the Division administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2021, are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021.

The contribution for PERS is set by NJSA 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which include the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2021 the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for June 30, 2021, measurement dates were determined by using an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases:

Through 2026 2.00-6.00%, based on age Thereafter 3.00-7.00%, based on age

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 19 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2021. In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, as summarized in the following table:

Accet Class	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 19 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the current-period net pension liability of the employers calculated using the current-period discount rate assumption of 7.0% percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.0% percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.0% percent) than the current assumption (in thousands). Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability due to change in the Discount Rate:

			Current		
	19	% Decrease	Discount	1%	% Increase
		(6.0%)	(7.0%)		(8.0%)
Authority's Proprortionate Share of the					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	380,605	\$ 276,539	\$	193,674

<u>Collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30, 2022	\$ (65,251)
Year Ending June 30, 2023	(46,589)
Year Ending June 30, 2024	(31,766)
Year Ending June 30, 2025	(23,879)
Year Ending June 30, 2026	 9
Total	\$ (167,476)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 19 - ACCRUED PENSION LIABILITY - CONTINUED

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.13, 5.16, 5.21, 5.63, 5.48 and 5.57 years for the 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2016 amounts, respectively.

Pension Expense

The components of allocable pension expense, which exclude pension expense related to specific liabilities of individual employers, for the plan fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Service Cost	\$	16,173
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		63,556
Benefits Changes		-
Member Contributions		(13,158)
Administrative Expenses		230
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses		(34,673)
Pension Expense Related to Specific Liabilities		
of Individual Employers		(162)
Current Period Recognition (Amortization) of Deferred		
Outflows and Inflows of Resources:		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		1,781
Changes of Assumptions		(48,243)
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	_	(23,007)
Total	\$	(37,504)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 20 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

This component consists of land, construction in process and depreciable assets, net of accumulation and net of related debt outstanding. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds as of year-end, the portion of the debt related to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of investment in Net Investment in Capital Assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net asset component as the unspent proceeds.

	Sep	otember-22	Se	ptember-21
Balance October 1	\$	493,410	\$	444,959
Acquisition in Fixed Assets		49,362		96,964
Depreciation Expense		(74,699)		(63,513)
Payment of Debt		15,000		15,000
Balance September 30	\$	483,073	\$	493,410

NOTE 21 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Authority restricted net position account balance on September 30, 2022, and 2021:

	_Sep	tember-22	_Sep	tember-21
State Leveraging Funds Receivable	\$	75,808	\$	90,808
Restricted State Leveraging Funds - Cash		203		171
Less: Accrued Interest Payable		(1,654)		(1,967)
Total Restricted Net Assets PIH Program		74,357		89,012
HCV Program Restricted Net Position		_		65,382
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	74,357	\$	154,394

Housing Choice Voucher Program HUD Held Reserves Funds

Effective January 1, 2012, HUD was required to control the disbursement of funds in such a way that the Authority does not receive funds before they are needed, resulting in the re-establishment of HUD held program reserves to comply with the Treasury requirements. HUD held reserve is a holding account at the HUD level that maintains the excess of HAP funds that have been obligated (ABA) but undisbursed to the Authority. The excess HAP funds will remain obligated but not disbursed to the Authority. HUD will hold these funds until needed by the Authority. The amount of HUD held reserves for the Authority on September 30, 2022, was \$845,498.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 22 - UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Authority's unrestricted net position account balance on September 30, 2022, and 2021 is as follows:

PIH Program	HCV Admin	
Reserves	Reserves	Total
\$ (1,261,345)	\$ (110,682)	\$ (1,372,027)
30,045	181,022	211,067
155,381	69,537	224,918
(1,075,919)	139,877	(936,042)
69,900	119,256	189,156
161,955	49,865	211,820
\$ (844,064)	\$ 308,998	\$ (535,066)
	Reserves \$ (1,261,345) 30,045 155,381 (1,075,919) 69,900 161,955	Reserves Reserves \$ (1,261,345) \$ (110,682) 30,045 181,022 155,381 69,537 (1,075,919) 139,877 69,900 119,256 161,955 49,865

NOTE 23 - ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY FEDERAL AGENCIES

HUD contributes operating subsidy for the Public and Indian program approved in the operating budget under the Annual Contribution Contract. The operating subsidy contributions for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$270,700 and \$264,618 for 2021.

Annual Contributions Contracts for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program to provide for housing assistance payments to private owners of residential units on behalf of eligible low or very low-income families. The program provides for such payment with respect to existing housing covering the difference between the maximum rental on a dwelling unit, and the amount of rent contribution by the participating family and related administrative expense. HUD contributions for the Housing Choice Voucher for September 30, 2022, was in the amount of \$2,582,041 and \$2,484,679 for 2021.

NOTE 24 - CURRENT VULNERABILITY DUE TO CERTAIN CONCENTRATIONS

The Authority operations are concentrated in the low-income housing real estate market. In addition, the Authority operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the Authority are subject to the administrative directives, rules, and regulations of federal, state, and local regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to HUD. Such administrative directives, rules, and regulations are subject to change by an act of congress or an administrative change mandated by HUD. Such changes may occur with little notice or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden, to comply with a change.

Total financial support by HUD was \$3,020,863 to the Authority which represents approximately 91% percent of the Authority's total revenue for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 25 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

<u>Litigation</u> – On September 30, 2022, the Authority was not involved in any threatened litigation.

Contingencies

The Authority is subject to possible examinations made by federal and state authorities who determine compliance with terms, conditions, laws, and regulations governing other grants given to the Authority in the current and prior years. There were no such examinations for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other Insurance

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; natural disasters; etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Construction Commitments

On September 30, 2022, the Authority outstanding construction commitments pertaining to its capital fund were not material. The cost pertaining to such commitments will be paid by grants approved and committed to the Authority by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

NOTE 26 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

For year ending September 30, 2022

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority had three (3) prior period adjustment in the amount of \$211,820 while recording the opening Net Pension and OPEB Liability as of October 1, 2021, and GASB #87 Leases as detailed below:

OPEB Balance - October 1, 2021	\$ 1,718,987
Revised Openning Balance OPEB - October 1, 2021	1,540,928
Prior Period Adjustment - October 1, 2020	\$ 178,059
Pension Balance - October 1, 2020	\$ 429,328
Revised Openning Balance Pension - October 1, 2020	 451,201
Prior Period Adjustment - October 1, 2020	\$ (21,873)

The Authority had a prior period adjustment in the implementation of GASB #87 Leases receivable and lease revenue in the amount of \$55,634 for the opening balance of September 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022, and 2021

NOTE 27 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Coronavirus Pandemic:

In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) originated in Wuhan, China and has since spread to other countries, including the U.S. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic.

The severity of the impact of COVID-19 on the Authority operations will depend on several factors, including, but limited to, the duration and severity of the pandemic and the extent and severity of the impact on the Authority's tenants, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. The Authority's future results could be adversely impacted by delays in rent collections. Management is unable to predict with absolute certainty the impact of COVID-19 on its financial conditions, results of operations or cash flows.

Events that occur after the statement of net assets date but before the financial statements were available to be issued, must be evaluated for recognition or disclosed. The effects of subsequent events provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net assets date required disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management has evaluated the activity of the Authority thru March 24, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available for issue and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

GASB #75 requires supplementary information which includes changes in the Authority's total OPEB liability along with SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS related ratios as listed below.

Total OPEB Liability		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service Cost Interest Changes in Benefit Terms Difference Between Expected and Actual	€	11,900 \$ 39,274	29,897 \$ 19,168	24,878 \$ 46,311	28,786 \$ 61,721	62,315 25,746
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Benefit Payments		- (366,988) (25,279)	- (4,762) (26,126)	- (1,254,802) (27,878)	- 162,278 (39,812)	- (39,711)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		(341,093) 868,284	18,177 850,107	(1,211,491) 2,061,598	212,973 1,848,625	48,350 1,800,275
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	€	527,191 \$	868,284 \$	850,107 \$	2,061,598 \$	1,848,625
Covered, Employee Payroll	₩	153,255 \$	151,004 \$	142,338 \$	165,437 \$	172,289
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		344.00%	575.01%	597.25%	1246.15%	1072.98%

Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

GASB #68 requires supplementary information which includes the Authority's share of the net pension liability along with related ratios as listed below. The schedule below displays the Authority's proportionate share of Net Pension Liability.

	2022	1	2021		2020		2019
Housing Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0023343541%		0.0022952612%	0.0	0.00226914%	0.0	0.00222927%
Housing Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 276,539	€	374,297	€	408,864	€9	438,931
Housing Authority's covered employee payroll	\$ 153,255	€2	151,004	€9	142,338	₩	165,437
Housing Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	180.44%	_	247.87%		287.25%		265.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	29.35%		24.08%		43.43%		46.40%

^{*}The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT

SYSTEM

GASB #68 requires supplementary information which includes the Authority's share of the net pension liability along with related ratios as listed below. The schedule below displays the Authority's proportionate share of Net Pension Liability.

		2018		2017		2016		2015
Housing Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0.00221526%	0.0	0.00145263%	0.00	0.00144871%	0.0	0.00139474%
Housing Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	69	515,677	₩	430,229	₩	325,206	₩	261,133
Housing Authority's covered employee payroll	₩	172,289	19	165,009	₩	147,283	₩	126,784
Housing Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		299.31%		260.73%		220.80%		205.97%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability *The amounts determined for each fiscal year u	vere det	48.01% ear were determined as of June 30.	of Jur	59.86% ne 30.		52.07%		52.08%

Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The schedule below displays the Authority's contractually required contributions along with related ratios.

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Contractually required contribution	₩.	27,338	₩	25,109	₩.	22,072	₩	22,174
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		(27,338)		(25,109)		(22,072)		(22,174)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩	1	62	1	₩	1	€	1
Authority's covered payroll	€	153,255	₩	151,004	₩	142,338	€2	165,437
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		17.84%		16.63%		15.51%		13.40%

Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. *The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The schedule below displays the Authority's contractually required contributions along with related ratios.

		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	€	20,522	₩	12,905	₩	12,455	€	11,498
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		(20,522)		(12,905)		(12,455)		(11,498)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩	1	€	ı	€	1	€	
Authority's covered payroll	₩	172,289	€	165,009	62	147,283	€	126,784
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		11.91%		7.82%		8.46%		6.07%

Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. *The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER

Programs funded by:

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Ending Balance						€
Fiscal Year Expenditures	270,700	58,325	71,621	2,582,041	38,176	\$ 3,020,863
Revenue Recognized	270,700	58,325	71,621	2,582,041	38,176	\$ 3,020,863
Balance Balance	1 1			1		·
CFDA #'s	NJ068 14.850 Grant Total 14.850	Public Housing Capital Fund Program NJ39P068501 14.872 Grant Total 14.872	Resident Opportunity & Self Sufficiency ROSS191224 14.870 Grant Total 14.870	Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program NJ39P068 Grant Total 14.871	PIH - Family Self-Sufficiency Program FSS20NJ2840 14.896 Grant Subtotal 14.896	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Note 1. Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover is under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Housing Authority of the Town of Dover has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowable under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Loans Outstanding:

Housing Authority Town of Dover had Capital Project Bonds payable in the amount of \$80,000, outstanding on September 30, 2022. See Note 16 on pages 47-48 of this report for full detail.

Note 5. Non- Cash Federal Assistance:

The Authority did not receive any non-cash Federal assistance for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Note 6. Sub recipients:

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule above, the Housing Authority of the Town of Dover did not provide federal awards to any sub recipients.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF DOVER STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND GRANT COST AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 	N	J39068501-18		
	Approved		Actual	0	
	Budget		Cost	 Overrun	
Operations	\$ 3,000	\$	3,000	\$	-
Administration	1,000		1,000		-
General Capital Activity	57,676		57,676		-
Bond Debt Obligation	20,321		20,321		-
Total	\$ 81,997	\$	81,997	\$	_
Funds Advanced	\$ 81,997				
Funds Expended	81,997				
Excess of Funds Advanced	\$ _				

- 1. The distribution of cost by project and account classification accompanying the Actual Capital Fund Cost Certificates submitted to HUD for approval were in agreement with the Authority's records.
- 2. All Capital Fund cost have been paid and all related liabilities have been discharged through payment.
- 3. The Capital Fund Program 501-18 was completed on November 1, 2021.
- 4. There were no budget overruns noted.

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and	Subtotal	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$384,140		\$913,860	1	\$1,298,000	\$1,298,000
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development 113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$203				\$203	\$203
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	647.040		\$84,763	ļ	\$84,763	\$84,763
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	\$17,218			ļ	\$17,218	\$17,218
100 Total Cash	\$401,561	\$0	\$998,623	\$0	\$1,400,184	\$1,400,184
121 Accounts Description DUA Double						
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects 122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects			622.507		600 507	600 505
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government			\$32,597 \$23,666		\$32,597 \$23,666	\$32,597 \$23,666
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	\$31,110		Ψ20,000		\$31,110	\$31,110
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$341				\$341	\$341
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	\$0				\$0	\$0
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0		\$0		\$0	\$0
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current 128 Fraud Recovery	\$15,000				\$15,000	\$15,000
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	-		<u> </u>			
129 Accrued Interest Receivable						
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$46,451	\$0	\$56,263	\$0	\$102,714	\$102,714
131 Investments - Unrestricted						
132 Investments - Restricted						
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current						
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets 143 Inventories	\$39,301				\$39,301	\$39,301
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories						
144 Inter Program Due From	·					
145 Assets Held for Sale						
150 Total Current Assets	\$487,313	\$0	\$1,054,886	\$0	\$1,542,199	\$1,542,199
161 Land	\$68,000				\$68,000	\$68,000
162 Buildings 163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$3,548,459 \$263,141				\$3,548,459 \$263,141	\$3,548,459
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$158,495		\$1,866		\$160,361	\$263,141 \$160,361
165 Leasehold Improvements	V100,100		V 1,000		<u> </u>	¥100,301
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$3,580,184		-\$1,866		-\$3,582,050	-\$3,582,050
167 Construction in Progress	\$105,162				\$105,162	\$105,162
168 Infrastructure						
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$563,073	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$563,073	\$563,073
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	\$229,816				\$229,816	\$229,816
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past Due					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current	\$60,808	Į			\$60,808	\$60,808
174 Other Assets						
176 Investments in Joint Ventures 180 Total Non-Current Assets	6052.007				6050 007	6050 007
100 Total Non-Cultent Assets	\$853,697	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$853,697	\$853,697
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$44,549		\$19,093		\$63,642	\$63,642
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$1,385,559	\$0	\$1,073,979	\$0	\$2,459,538	\$2,459,538
311 Bank Overdraft					İ	
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$18,795		\$2,813		\$21,608	\$21,608
313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due		<u>.</u>				į
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable 322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$1,514		\$1,140		\$2,654	¢2 654
324 Accrued Configency Liability	φ1,014		φ1,14U		Ψ2,004	\$2,654
325 Accrued Interest Payable	\$1,654	-			\$1,654	\$1,654
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs						- 15
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects					İ	
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$29,753				\$29,753	\$29,753
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$17,218				\$17,218	\$17,218
342 Unearned Revenue 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital	\$3,201				\$3,201	\$3,201
Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$15,000				\$15,000	\$15,000
		L				

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating	T I		TTTTTTTTT			1
Borrowings						
345 Other Current Liabilities						
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				<u> </u>
347 Inter Program - Due To		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
348 Loan Liability - Current				***************************************		<u> </u>
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$87,135	\$0	\$3,953	\$0	\$91,088	\$91,088
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital	\$65,000				********	
Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$65,000				\$65,000	\$65,000
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings						
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other			\$84,763		\$84,763	\$84,763
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$13,626		\$10,255		\$23,881	\$23,881
355 Loan Liability - Non Current						
356 FASB 5 Liabilities				***************************************		
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$536,252		\$267,478	***************************************	\$803,730	\$803,730
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$614,878	\$0	\$362,496	\$0	\$977,374	\$977,374
300 Total Liabilities	\$702,013	\$0	\$366,449	\$0	\$1,068,462	\$1,068,462
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$970,180		\$398,532		\$1,368,712	\$1,368,712
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$483,073	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$483,073	\$483,073
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$74,357	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$74,357	\$74,357
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	-\$844,064	\$0	\$308,998	\$0	-\$535,066	-\$535.066
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	-\$286,634	\$0	\$308,998	\$0	\$22,364	\$22,364
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$1,385,559	\$0	\$1,073,979	\$0	\$2,459,538	\$2,459,538

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

Project Total Family Sets Sufficiency Choice Proportial Project Total Family Sets Sufficiency Project Total	Capinission Type. Addicarolligie Addi		risca	rear End: 09/	30/2022		
1/2000 Met Iranial Revenue S14,008 \$14,008 \$214,008 \$214,008 \$4,655		Project Total	Family Self- Sufficiency	Choice	Resident Opportunity	Subtotal	Total
170900 Total Revenue	70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$214,098	l.IVYIAIII	VOUCHEIS	anu	\$214.098	\$214,098
1,000 1,011 1,01	70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$4,655					\$4,655
17010 Capital Grants \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$70710 Management Fee \$70730 Book Keeping Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70750 Chine Fees \$70700 Total Fee Revenue \$7,500 \$32,462 \$10,072	70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$218,753	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$218,753	\$218,753
17010 Capital Grants \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$54,325 \$70710 Management Fee \$70730 Book Keeping Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70740 Front Line Service Fee \$70750 Chine Fees \$70700 Total Fee Revenue \$7,500 \$32,462 \$10,072	70600 HID PHA Operating Create						
	70000 HOD PHA Operating Grants		\$38,176	\$2,582,041	\$71,621		\$2,966,538
17720		\$54,325				\$54,325	\$54,325
17730 Book Keeping Fee				<u> </u>			ļ
	70730 Book Keening Fee	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<u> </u>	
17750 Other Fees				ļ			
T0000 Other Government Grants				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
17100 Investment Income - Unrestricted						ļ	
171200 Mortgage Interest Income 171300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale 1713100 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale 1713100 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale 171310 Cost of Sale of Assets 171300 Cost of Sale of Assets 171300 Cither Revenue 171300 Cither Case 171300 Cither C	70800 Other Government Grants						
171200 Mortgage Interest Income	71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$7,590	***************************************	\$2,482		\$10.072	\$10.072
T1310 Cost of Sale of Assets	71200 Mortgage Interest Income			V -,	••••••	010,012	Ψ10,072
T1400 Fraud Recovery	71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale		***************************************			<u>. </u>	
171500 Cither Revenue							<u> </u>
171500 Other Revenue	incommunity in the second seco			\$5,344		\$5,344	\$5.344
Tribung Calin or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets Tribung Tr		\$43,453		\$30,046			\$73,499
\$598,821 \$38,176 \$2,619,913 \$71,621 \$3,328,531 \$3,328,531 \$3,328,531 \$3,328,531 \$3,328,531 \$3,328,531 \$3,228,531 \$3,000 \$35,935 \$317,0342 \$170,342 \$170,343 \$1200 Auditing Fees \$6,500 \$5,935 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$13,000 \$1300 Management Fee \$1310 Book-keeping Fee \$1310 Book-keeping Fee \$1310 Book-keeping Fee \$1310 Book-keeping Fee \$1310 Book-keeping Fee \$1310 Book-keeping Fee \$1310 Book-keeping Fee \$1400 Advertsing and Marketing \$1500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative \$20,041 \$21,672 \$41,713	71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets						
11100 Administrative Salaries	72000 Investment Income - Restricted						
91200 Auditing Fees \$6,500 \$5,935 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$1300 Management Fee \$1400 Advertising and Marketing \$1300 Management Fee \$1400 Advertising and Marketing \$1500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative \$20,041 \$21,672 \$41,713 \$41,713 \$41,713 \$1000 Office Expenses \$27,437 \$6,510 \$33,547 \$	70000 Total Revenue	\$598,821	\$38,176	\$2,619,913	\$71,621	\$3,328,531	\$3,328,531
91200 Auditing Fees \$6,500 \$5,935 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$12,435 \$1300 Management Fee \$1400 Advertising and Marketing \$1300 Management Fee \$1400 Advertising and Marketing \$1500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative \$20,041 \$21,672 \$41,713 \$41,713 \$41,713 \$1000 Office Expenses \$27,437 \$6,510 \$33,547 \$	04400 A L						
91300 Management Fee 91400 Advertising and Marketing 91500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative \$20,041 \$21,672 \$41,713 \$41,713 \$1000 Office Expenses \$27,437 \$6,110 \$33,547 \$39,067 \$5,501 \$45,568							\$170,342
91310 Book-keeping Fee		\$6,500		\$5,935		\$12,435	\$12,435
91400 Advertising and Marketing	91300 Management Fee						
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative \$20,041 \$21,672 \$6,110 \$33,547 \$34,568 \$45,568	01400 Advertising and Manualis						
91600 Office Expenses \$27,437 \$33,547 \$33,4295 \$334,295 \$334	91400 Advertising and Marketing						
1970 Legal Expense \$9,958 \$19,942 \$29,900 \$22,900 \$2	91500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative			\$21,672			
18180 Travel 18790			<u> </u>		\$6,110	***************************************	
1810 Allocated Overhead 1879 18		***************************************		\$19,942			\$29,900
91900 Other		\$790				\$790	\$790
91000 Total Operating - Administrative \$150,766 \$0 \$170,918 \$12,611 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$334,295 \$3200 Asset Management Fee 92100 Tenant Services - Salaries \$34,672 \$54,601 \$89,273 \$89,273 \$92200 Relocation Costs \$92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services \$3,504 \$4,409 \$7,913 \$7,913 \$7,913 \$92400 Tenant Services - Other \$1,550 \$1,500		<u> </u> .		400 007			
92000 Asset Management Fee 92100 Tenant Services - Salaries \$34,672 \$54,601 \$89,273 \$89,273 92200 Relocation Costs \$34,672 \$54,601 \$89,273 \$89,273 92200 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services \$3,504 \$4,409 \$7,913 \$7,913 92400 Tenant Services - Other \$1,550 \$1,550 \$1,550 92500 Total Tenant Services \$1,550 \$38,176 \$0 \$59,010 \$98,736 \$98,736 93100 Water \$20,651 \$20,651 \$20,651 93200 Electricity \$94,782 \$94,782 93300 Gas \$94,782 \$94,782 93300 Fuel \$9300 Total Description \$115,433 \$115,433 93400 Fuel \$9300 Total Utilities \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor \$94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials \$2,274 \$2,274 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials \$2,274 \$2,274 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials \$2,274 \$2,274 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Contracts \$110,633 \$110,633 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance \$112,907 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$112,907 \$112,907 95100 Protective Services - Labor \$2,499 \$2,499 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$		\$150.766					
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries \$34,672 \$54,601 \$89,273 \$89,273 \$200 \$200 Relocation Costs \$3,504 \$4,409 \$7,913 \$7,913 \$7,913 \$2,500 \$2,500 Total Tenant Services - Other \$1,550 \$38,176 \$0 \$59,010 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$9300 Total Tenant Services \$1,550 \$38,176 \$0 \$59,010 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$93,736	o roco Total operating - Administrative	\$130,700	\$0	\$170,918	\$12,611	\$334,295	\$334,295
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries \$34,672 \$54,601 \$89,273 \$89,273 \$200 \$200 Relocation Costs \$3,504 \$4,409 \$7,913 \$7,913 \$7,913 \$2,500 \$2,500 Total Tenant Services - Other \$1,550 \$38,176 \$0 \$59,010 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$9300 Total Tenant Services \$1,550 \$38,176 \$0 \$59,010 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$93,736	92000 Asset Management Fee		<u></u>	 -			
92200 Relocation Costs 92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services \$3,504 \$4,409 \$7,913 \$7,913 \$2,913 \$2,9140 \$2,274 \$2,274 \$2,274 \$2,274 \$2,274 \$2,000 \$3,000	92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	<u></u>	\$24.672	<u>i</u> .	CE 4 CO 1	600 272	600.070
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services \$1,550 \$3,504 \$4,409 \$7,913 \$7,913 92400 Tenant Services - Other \$1,550 \$31,550 \$1,550			\$34,072		\$54,6U1	\$09,273	\$89,273
92400 Tenant Services - Other \$1,550 \$38,176 \$0 \$59,010 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$93100 Water \$20,651 \$20,651 \$20,651 \$32			\$3.504	 -	\$4.400	\$7.013	¢7 012
92500 Total Tenant Services \$1,550 \$38,176 \$0 \$59,010 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$98,736 \$93100 Water \$20,651 \$20,651 \$20,651 \$20,651 \$94,782 \$93300 Gas \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$93400 Fuel \$93500 Labor \$93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities \$93800 Other Utilities Expense \$93000 Total Utilities Expense \$93000 Total Utilities Expense \$93000 Total Utilities Synthesis \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$1.550	Ψ5,507		φ4,409		***************************************
93100 Water \$20,651 \$2			\$38 176	\$0	\$59.010		
93200 Electricity \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$93,000 Gas 93400 Fuel 93500 Labor 93600 Sewer 93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities 93800 Other Utilities Expense 93000 Total Utilities \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,					V 00,010		450,750
93200 Electricity \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$94,782 \$93300 Gas \$93400 Fuel \$93500 Labor \$93500 Sewer \$93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities \$93800 Other Utilities Expense \$93000 Total Utilities Expense \$93000 Total Utilities \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,	93100 Water	\$20,651			 	\$20.651	\$20,651
93300 Gas 93400 Fuel 93500 Labor 93600 Sewer 93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities 93800 Other Utilities Expense 93000 Total Utilities 93000 Total Utilities 93100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Saterials 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 95000 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs 952,499 95300 Protective Services - Other	93200 Electricity		-	-			
93500 Labor 93600 Sewer 93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities 93800 Other Utilities Expense 93000 Total Utilities 93100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 101 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 102 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts 103 S110,633 103 \$110,633 110,633			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
93600 Sewer 93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities 93800 Other Utilities Expense 93000 Total Utilities 94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 22,274 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Protective Services - Labor 95000 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs 952,499 \$2,499 \$2,499				·		·····	
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities 93800 Other Utilities Expense 93000 Total Utilities 93000 Total Utilities 93000 Total Utilities 94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Protective Services - Labor 95000 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs 95000 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs 95000 Protective Services - Other			i	<u> </u>	······	<u>-</u>	
93800 Other Utilities Expense 93000 Total Utilities \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 95100 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs 952,499 95300 Protective Services - Other		İ	i i		-		
93000 Total Utilities \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$115,433 \$110,633	93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities			İ		i i	
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 9500 Protective Services - Labor 95000 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs 92,499 95300 Protective Services - Other	93800 Other Utilities Expense		<u> </u>		······		
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance 95100 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs 952,499 95300 Protective Services - Other		\$115,433	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$115,433	\$115,433
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other \$2,274 \$2,274 \$2,274 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts \$110,633 \$110,633 \$110,633 \$110,633 94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance \$112,907 \$0 \$0 \$112,907 \$112,907 94000 Total Maintenance \$112,907 \$0 \$0 \$112,907 \$112,907 95100 Protective Services - Labor \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499							
S2,274 S	94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor		l l				
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts \$110,633 \$110,		\$2,274	Ī			\$2.274	\$2 274
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 94000 Total Maintenance \$112,907 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$112,907 \$112,907 95100 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other	ng Other		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Maintenance \$112,907 \$0 \$0 \$112,907 \$112,907 95100 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other 95249 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499	94500 Employee Renefit Contributions - Ordinary	\$110,633				\$110,633	\$110,633
94000 Total Maintenance \$112,907 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$112,907 \$112,907 \$ 95100 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499 \$2,499	faintenance		1		İ	l	
95100 Protective Services - Labor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other	94000 Total Maintenance	\$112.907	\$O	\$0	so	\$112 907	\$112 907
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other			¥3			2112,307	ψ11Z,3U/
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs \$2,499 \$2,499 95300 Protective Services - Other	5100 Protective Services - Labor	······································					
95300 Protective Services - Other	5200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	\$2,499			·····	\$2,499	\$2 499
	5300 Protective Services - Other						Ψ2,733
2000 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective	5500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective					·····	

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

Submission Type. Addited/Single Add	III.	FISCa	i Year End: 09	13012022		
	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and	Subtotal	Total
95000 Total Protective Services	\$2,499	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,499	\$2,499
96110 Property Insurance	\$15,684				645.004	
96120 Liability Insurance	\$7,973	<u> </u>			\$15,684 \$7,973	\$15,684
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$9,583		. <u>i</u>		\$9,583	\$7,973 \$9,583
96140 All Other Insurance	\$10,385				\$10,385	\$10,385
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$43,625	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$43,625	\$43,625
96200 Other General Expenses	2010					
96210 Compensated Absences	\$213		\$51,376		\$51,589	\$51,589
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$10,332		ļ		\$10,332	£40.000
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$10,00Z			<u> </u>	910,332	\$10,332
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages			1	<u> </u>		1
96600 Bad debt - Other				İ		· -
96800 Severance Expense						
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$10,545	\$0	\$51,376	\$0	\$61,921	\$61,921
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	\$4,407		<u> </u>		64.407	64 407
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	94,407		<u> </u>		\$4,407	\$4,407
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs			<u>I</u>			<u> </u>
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$4,407	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,407	\$4,407
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$441,732	\$38,176	\$222,294	\$71,621	\$773,823	\$773,823
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating	.					
Expenses	\$157,089	\$0	\$2,397,619	\$0	\$2,554,708	\$2,554,708
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	\$37,482				\$37,482	\$37,482
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized						
97300 Housing Assistance Payments 97350 HAP Portability-In			\$2,343,745		\$2,343,745	\$2,343,745
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$74,699				674.000	
97500 Fraud Losses	\$74,099				\$74,699	\$74,699
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds	·					!
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds						
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense						
90000 Total Expenses	\$553,913	\$38,176	\$2,566,039	\$71,621	\$3,229,749	\$3,229,749
10010 Operating Transfer In						
10020 Operating transfer Out	\$1,000				\$1,000	\$1,000
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government	-\$1,000				-\$1,000	-\$1,000
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit						
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds						
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales						
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss						
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)				ĺ		
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In						
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out						
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In 10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out						
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	e0
Total Cities initiating Courses (C3C3)	40	- 	Ψ0	30	ΦΟ	\$0
0000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) otal Expenses	\$44,908	\$0	\$53,874	\$0	\$98,782	\$98,782
1020 Poguirod Angual Dalis Diadia da	645.005			ļ.		
1020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments 1030 Beginning Equity	\$15,000 \$403,407	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,000	\$15,000
1040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and	-\$493,497	\$0	\$205,259	\$0	-\$288,238	-\$288,238
orrection of Errors	\$161,955		\$49,865		\$211,820	\$211,820
1050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance						
1060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance						
1070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition 1080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits						
ability					Ī	
1090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -						
welling Rents 1100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other		 				
1100 Changes III Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other		<u>l</u>			<u>i</u> .	

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

		14.896 PIH	14.871	14.870		I
	Project Total	Family Self-	Housing	Resident	0	
	Froject rotal	Sufficiency	Choice	Opportunity	Subtotal	Total
44470		Program	Vouchers	and		
11170 Administrative Fee Equity			\$308,998		\$308,998	\$308,998
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity			\$0		\$0	
11190 Unit Months Available	708		2976			\$0
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	672		2902		3684 3574	3684
11270 Excess Cash	\$324,113		2302		\$324,113	3574
11610 Land Purchases	\$0				\$0	\$324,113 \$0
11620 Building Purchases	\$16,090	-			\$16,090	\$16,090
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$38,235		······		\$38.235	\$38,235
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$0	The state of the s			\$0	\$0
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	\$0	·····i			\$0	\$0
11660 Infrastructure Purchases	\$0				\$0	\$0
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	\$0				\$0	\$0
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds	\$0			i i	\$0	\$0



467 Middletown Lincroft Road Lincroft, NJ 07738 Tel: 732-842-4550

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Giampaolo & Associates

Lincroft, New Jersey Date: March 24, 2023



467 Middletown Lincroft Road Lincroft, NJ 07738 Tel: 732-842-4550

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Housing Authority of the Town of Dover complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover's internal
 control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Housing Authority of the
 Town of Dover's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Housing Authority of the Town of Dover complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis.

A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified. Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Giampaolo & Associates

Lincroft, New Jersey Date: March 24, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2022

Prior Audit Findings

None reported

Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of Auditor's Repo	=.		Unr	<u>modified</u>
Internal Control over	Financial Reporting:			
	Material Weakness (es) Identified?		yes	X no
	Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are			Manager spilling private
	considered to be material weakness(es)?	•	_yes	Xnone reported
Noncompliance Mater	ial to Financial Statements Noted?	•	_yes	no
Federal Awards				
Internal Control over 1	Major Programs:			
	Material Weakness (es) Identified?		yes	X no
	Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are			-
	considered to be material weakness(es)?		_yes	X none reported
Type of audit report is	sued on compliance for			
major programs:	•		Unn	nodified
Any audit findings disc	closed that are required to be			
reported in accordan	ce with section Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation			
Part 200, Uniform Adı	ministrative Requirements,		_yes	no
Identification of Major	Programs			
CFDA#	Name of Federal Program	Amount		
14.850	Public and Indian Housing Program	\$ 270,700	-	
14.871	Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	\$ 2,582,041		
Dollar threshold used	to Distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	\$ 750,000	_	
Auditee qualified as a l	low-risk auditee	X	yes	no

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None reported

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None reported



467 Middletown Lincroft Road Lincroft, NJ 07738 Tel: 732-842-4550

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the Town of Dover 215 East Blackwell Street Dover, New Jersey 07801

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on whether the electronic submission of certain information agrees with the hard copy documents within the reporting package for the year ended September 30, 2022. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Real Estate Assessment Center (REAC) is responsible for the Uniform Financial Reporting Standards (UFRS) procedures.

Housing Authority of the Town of Dover has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of complying with the REAC's UFRS requirements for the submission of the PHA financial data for the year ended September 30, 2022. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and the associated findings are as follows:

Procedure	UFRS Rule Information	Hardcopy Documents	Agrees	Does Not Agree
1	Balance Sheet and Revenue and Expense (Data lines 111 to 13901)	Financial Data Schedule of all CFDAs, If Applicable	Yes	
2	Footnotes (data element G5000-010)	Footnotes to the audited basic financial statements	Yes	
3	Type of Opinion on FDS (data element G3100-040)	Auditors Report on Supplemental Data	Yes	
4	Audit findings narrative (date element G5200-010)	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	Yes	

Procedure	UFRS Rule Information	Hardcopy Documents	Agrees	Does Not Agree
5	General Information (data element series G2000, G2100, G2200, G9000, G9100	OMB Data Collection Form	Yes	
6	Financial Statement report information (data element G3000-010 to G3000-050)	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Part 1 and OMB Data Collection Form	Yes	
7	Federal program report information (data element G4000-020 to G4000-040	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Part 1 and OMB Data Collection Form	Yes	
8	Type of Compliance Requirement (G4200-020 & G4000-030)	OMB Data Collection Form	Yes	
9	Basic financial statements and auditor reports required to be submitted electronically	Basic financial statements (inclusive of auditor reports)	Yes	9

We were engaged by Housing Authority of the Town of Dover to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on UFRS Rule Information. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of REAC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Housing Authority of the Town of Dover and REAC, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Giampaolo & Associates

Lincroft, New Jersey March 24, 2023